LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XXI. LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 14, 1865. NUMBER 207.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

Lumber for Sale.

SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND FEET OF WELL seasoned Lumber, sawed for tobacco boxes. All kinds of lumber sawed to order.
Also 75,000 hardshingles for sale. Address
L. L. DORSEY, JR.,
f-13 dtf Louisville Postoffice.

FOR SALE.

WILL BE OFFERED FOR A FEW DAYS A good two story Brick Dwelling House, in a pleasant part of the city. For particulars inquire at Democrat office. fe10 d8&S1*

For Rent.

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE IN PORTLAND, on Montgomery street. Apply to O. borne & McAteer, Jefferson street, or address
A. S. WILLIS.
fe12 s1 d2

For Sale.

TWO OFFICE DESKS. INQUIRE OF
A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,
fe13 d3 418 Main street.

For Sale.

A NEWFOUNDLAND WATCH DOG. A SPLENDID Watch Dog, fit for a Bank or Store. Inquire at Democrat office. fe13 d3*

COAL LANDS FOR SALE

CONTAINING INDICATIONS OF

Petroleum Oil!

356 ACRES OF COAL LANDS FOR SALE, situated in the western part of the State, 12 miles from the Ohio river, on a stream that is navigable from four to six months in the year. The coal is 3½ feet thick. Indications of PETROLEUM OIL have been discovered on the premises.
A LIBERAL CHARTER for the mining of coal and manufacture of coal or petroleum oil, and for the improvement of the stream by locks and dams has been obtained from the Kentucky Legislature in 1860—capital stock $250,000.
The above Coal Lands will be disposed of on reasonable terms to settle an estate. Apply to
GEO. STEALEY, City Engineer.
fe10 d10 Louisville, Ky.

For Sale,

A SPLENDID BRICK RESIDENCE, ON THE south side of College street between Brook and Floyd streets—7 rooms and servants' room, with stable, carriage and coal houses. Lot 70 by 200 to a 20 foot alley. Will be sold at a fair price. The above house is nearly new, and of modern style. Apply to
OSBORNE & McATEER,
fe8 d6 Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents.

For Sale.

FORTY FEET OF GROUND, SOUTHEAST CORNER of Brook and Fulton streets. Also 87½ feet, on the south side of Fulton, between Brook and Floyd streets. Apply to RICHARD J. SMITH,
fe8 dlm Corner Fifth and Green streets.

Tavern Stand for Sale,

IN SMITHFIELD, HENRY COUNTY, A HOUSE suitable for a Tavern stand, and recently kept as such is of red brick all in a body. It contains six good rooms, cooking department and bar room, each separate. There is a good frame stable connected with the premises. Terms reasonable. Call on the premises. [fe10 dlm*] GEO. ATCHISON.

For Sale.

TWO BRICK COTTAGE HOUSES, SITUATED on the south side of Grayson street, below Eighteenth. Inquire of K. P. Thixton, or
OSBORNE & McATEER,
fe10 d6* 424 Jefferson st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

Spend Your Greenbacks

FOR TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE acres rich Ohio river bottom land, in Kentucky 11 miles below Louisville, within 200 yards of the Salt river pike. 150 acres cleared, good young orchard, garden and small fruits, good residence on the river bank, with good out-buildings, new hay press and meadows. Health of neighborhood good.
Terms easy. GEORGE K. AYDELOTT,
de23 dtf,n3&w3 Salina, Ky.

Land for Rent, in Louisville.

BETWEEN THIRTY AND FORTY ACRES OF rich river bottom land, in the city of Louisville, about one mile and a half from the Court-house, are now offered for rent. This tract is well adapted to the purposes of a gardener, a dairyman, or a truck or cotton planter. For terms, &c., apply to WEISSINGER & KEMPER, north side of Jefferson street, between Hancock and Clay, or at the office of J. BROWN, Court Place. ja3 dtf

FOR SALE.

WISHING TO CHANGE MY BUSINESS, I WILL sell my stock of Family Groceries and Fixtures. Also Beer and Oyster Saloon, in the same building. The license has two run about eight months. It is a good stand. For particulars apply to
A. NEWMAN.
fe8 dlw* Preston st., bet. Lafayette and Walnut.

Fine Farm, Stock, &c., for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL MY FARM, WITH ALL of its Stock, Farming Implements, Corn, Hay, Oats, &c., which contains 63½ acres good land, with about 60 acres of it cleared, five miles from Louisville, between the Cane run plank road and Salt river road, one mile from either road, with a neat and elegant dwelling containing eight rooms, with corresponding out-buildings, with three head of horses, twelve fine Sheep, a lot of Hogs, Cows, Oxen, Combined Self-rake Reaper and Mower Machine, Wagons and all necessary farming utensils. Any one that wants to purchase would do well to call and see me on the place. [fe5 S4d1t] HORACE B. GAAR.

Dwelling House for Sale.

A VERY COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE and Furniture, situated east side Third street, between Chestnut and Broadway, can can be bought at a reasonable price. Apply to
fe6 dtf R. J. MENEFEE, 118 Main street.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

New Orleans,

For Rent.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned for the rent or lease for a term of years of the above Hotel, the location of which is in every way desirable, being situated near the Mississippi river, in the center of the business part of the city of New Orleans.
The House contains offices, parlors, ladies' and gentlemen's ordinaries, with 175 double and single rooms, besides storehouses, bakery, washing and drying machinery and kitchen complete, and gas and water through the entire building.
To a responsible tenant, who can furnish the establishment, liberal terms will be offered. Further particulars can be obtained by addressing (up to March 1st)
A. B. JAMES, On the premises,
ja19 dlm St. James Hotel, New Orleans, La.

For Rent.

A BRICK RESIDENCE WITH SEVEN ROOMS, servants' rooms, double coal house, and all other necessary out buildings, good well of water, cistern in the yard, about 40 acres of timothy and clover, one mile from the corner of Eighteenth and Broadway, on the Salt River turnpike. Apply on the premises or to [ja19 dtf] A. RAY.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, CONtaining about 227 acres of productive land, conveniently situated on a public road, near New Castle, Henry county, Ky. The Farm is well improved, in good condition, well watered &c. For further particulars, persons wishing to purchase will please examine the premises, or address me by letter at Newcastle. ja18 d1M1m] J. F. STROTHER.

For Sale.

ONE OF THE BEST BUSINESS STANDS ON Market street, suitable for a clothing or boot and shoe store. Rent very cheap. For particulars address "A. B.," at the Democrat office. ja17 dtf

FOR RENT.

I OFFER FOR RENT THE VALUABLE FARM on which I now reside, in Pewee Valley, Oldham county, Ky. It is one and a half miles from Smith's station, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, and sixteen miles from Louisville, containing 64 acres. It is *well set in grass, well watered and finely adapted to grazing and growing stock of all kinds.*
ISAAC N. CARTER,
Pewee Valley Postoffice, Ky.
Refer to W. D. Gallagher, Custom-house; W. H. Walker & Co., Main street; Kearsley Carter, over Hunt, Morton & Quigley's Bank. ja12

Beargrass Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL 8 ACRES OF THE BEST BEARgrass land in Jefferson county, situated on the Frankfort and Shelbyville road, about 3 miles from the city limits. About 12 acres of the land is in timber, under-laid with a fine blue-grass pasture; the balance of the tract (new ground) in regular cultivation. There is not one foot of the above land but what is fine and tillable, being level and well shaped. To gardeners, or a person desirous of improving a beautiful country home, this place is almost unequaled. For price and particulars apply to me, at my residence, near the Fair Grounds on the Shelbyville pike.
se14 dtf J. THATCHER.

A Farm of 100 Acres

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property, on the Jeffersonville Railroad, in Jackson county, Ind., 6 miles from Seymour, 4 from Rockford, and 6½ from Cortland. Apply to John H. Stewart, on the farm, or Wm. Stewart, Floyd street, near Gray.
Also, a farm of 53 acres, on Oakland road, 4 miles from Louisville, has a front on two roads; would divide to suit. Apply to
ja6 dtf WM. STEWART.

FOR SALE.

MY FARM OF 305 ACRES, AT O'BANnon's Depot, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, is offered for sale. It is well watered and well set in grass has five acres of vineyard (young vines), young orchard of apples and peaches. Would take a city residence in part pay. Call and see me, as I will give a bargain; or apply to Dr. FORBES, opposite the Custom-house, Louisville, Ky.
no12 dtf E. MUSSELMAN.

For Rent.

A STORE ROOM ON THE EAST SIDE OF SIXTH street, bet. Market and Main. Apply to
JAMES L. BROWN.
dec6 N. s. Jefferson st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

LOUISVILLE

Tobacco Warehouse

WITH THE INTENTION OF ENGAGING IN ANother business, demanding my undivided attention, my connection with the firm of PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO. ceased by mutual consent on the 31st day of October last. The business will be conducted by my former partners, who are most cheerfully recommended to my friends and the public as eminently worthy of confidence and patronage.
JO. K. GANT.
January 16, 1865.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUE BUSINESS UNder the firm style of PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO. Stimulated by the very liberal patronage they have received, they are determined that nothing shall be omitted on their part to merit a continuance of the confidence of their friends. They now have, besides their principal Warehouse, on the corner of Main and Tenth streets, extensive buildings on the corner of Main and Eleventh streets and Tenth and Walnut streets, erected by them for storage.
JAMES S. PHELPS,
ISAAC H. CALDWELL,
ja16 d&w1m JAMES B. TURNLEY.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

WANTED.

WANTED,

ONE OR TWO GOOD ROOMS FOR SLEEPING apartments, in a central portion of the city, or near the Nashville Depot. Address Box 183 Postoffice
fe11 d3*

Wanted.

A SITUATION AS SHIPPING OR BILL CLERK, BY a young man of good business habits. Good references given, if required. Address X. Y. Z., at this office. fe9 d3*

Wanted.

THREE THOUSAND MULES ARE WANTED by the undersigned, at Brawner & Gaslin's Auction and Sale Stable, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. The Mules must measure 14 hands and upwards.
BRAWNER & KNOX.
fe1 dtf Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

SUBSTITUTES WANTED. SUBSTITUTES SUPPLIED.

ORDERS ADDRESSED FROM THE COUNTRY TO P. O. Box 765 or a personal call at our office, No. 330 Third street, next door to Peacock's Livery Stable, will be promptly attended to.
LOOMIS, SMITH & CO.,
ja31 dtf Substitute Brokers.

WANTED.

PREPARING FOR THE SPRING TRADE, I WISH to engage five or six Milliners. To those who understand their business I will pay the highest wages and give them steady employment. Call at Mrs. M. B. GILCHRIST'S, Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson east side. ja28 d1m

WANTED.

TWO THOUSAND MULES ARE WANTED by the undersigned, for which the highest market price will be paid in cash. They must be sound and in good order, measuring

hands and upwards.
J. L. REYNOLDS & CO.,
al8 dtf Market st., bet. Second and Third.

Substitutes Wanted.

I AM PAYING THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR SUBSTITUTES, and will supply them on reasonable terms. Look out for the draft, and secure a substitute from the subscriber for three years.
H. M. GARRETT, Substitute Broker.
Morning Star Saloon,
a4 Corner Fifth and Jefferson streets.

WANTED,

Thirty Good Milliners,

FOR THE SPRING TRADE. INQUIRE OF
MRS. A. E. PORTER,
de23 dtf 331 Market street.

Substitutes Wanted.

I AM PAYING THE HIGHEST PRICES FOR SUBstitutes, and will supply them on reasonable terms. Look out for the next draft, and secure a substitute from the subscriber for *three years.*
JOHN McCARTNEY,
Substitute Broker,
no16 d3m No. 1 Court Place, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.—$125 A MONTH.—SEWING MAchine Agents everywhere, to introduce the new *Shaw & Clark Sixteen Dollar Family Sewing Machine*, the *only* low price machine in the country which is *licensed* by Grover & Baker, Wheeler & Wilson, Howe, Singer & Co. and Excelsior. Salary and expenses, or large commissions allowed. All other Machines now sold for less than forty dollars each are *infringements*, and the seller and user *liable*. Illustrated circulars sent *free*. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine. no19 d&w3m

$70 A MONTH.—I WANT AGENTS EVERYwhere, at $70 a month, expenses paid to sell *Fifteen Articles*, the best selling ever offered. Full particulars *free*. Address OTIS F. GAREY, Biddeford Maine. no19 d&w3m

LOST AND FOUND.

NOTICE.

LOST FROM MY DRAY, ONE BAG OF Old Cotton Bar, Feb. 9th inst. The finder will receive $5 reward by delivering it to L. W. VANGILDER & CO., 712 Main street. Lost going from the mailboat to Main, between Seventh and Eighth streets. fe14 d2*

STRAYED & STOLEN.

Strayed or Stolen,

A SMALL BLACK AND TAN TERRIER BITCH, for which a liberal reward will be paid, by leaving her at A. BOURLIER'S, 235 Fifth street. fe11 d3*3

STOLEN,

FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, LIVING NEAR Brownsborough Station, in Oldham county, on the night of the 7th inst., a bay Mare, six years old, all the over fifteen hands high, shod all round, has a star in her forehead, collar marks on her shoulders, and is slightly curved on one of her hocks. As she was rode off by a negro boy, she will probably be left near the Ohio river. Any one returning her or giving such information that I get her, will be liberally rewarded.
J. D. STEVENSON.
fe11 d6*

Strayed or Stolen.

A LARGE BAY HORSE, OVER FIFTEEN hands high, eleven years old, a little white on shoulder, and having some marks of harness. He was lost Monday night, 6th instant, from Gaithright's, between Lafayette and Portland. A liberal reward will be paid on delivery of said horse at Company's stable. [fe8 d6*] J. W. HOWELL.

H. W. WILKES, JR.,

406 Main st., North side, near Fourth.

Mill & Factory Findings.
Rubber Belting.
Leather Belting.
Bolting Cloth.
Machine Cards.
Carding Machines.
Cotton Gins.
Cotton Warps
Wove Wire Screenery
Cotton Cards.
Gum Hose & Packing.
Sheet Metals, all kinds
Lace Leather and Rivets.
Wires of all kinds.
Sieves, Riddles and Screens.
Fan Mill Materials.

With all other articles necessary for

Mills, Factories, Founderies, Railroads, &c., &c.

WOOL taken in exchange or for cash.
Send for Catalogues. oc12 d2aw1y

CARDING MACHINES,

With the Clothing and all other supplies for Woolen Mills.

COTTON WARPS,

All kinds and numbers from 600 to 1,500 threads.

OIL WELL SUPPLIES,

Such as Gum Belting, Hose, Packing, Oiled Lace, Leather, &c., &c.
H. W. WILKES, Jr.,
ja30 d2aw 406 Main street, near Fourth.

OIL WELL Machinery

IN CONNECTION WITH OUR STEAMBOAT AND STATIONARY ENGINE building, we are prepared to build PORTABLE ENGINES and OIL WELL TOOLS of double refined material at the shortest notice.
Jack Screws, Tobacco Machinery and Hay Presses always on hand.
DAVIES & CO.,
Ja17 deodtf Corner Main and Ninth streets. Wm. Ingram Foundery,

GREAT WESTERN JOINT STOCK CO.

5,000 SHARES---500 PRIZES AWARDED.

Send stamp for circular. C. N. TABER, Agent,
ja26 d&w1m Louisville P. O., Ky.

MILLINERY.

INTENDING TO RETIRE FROM BUSINESS ON account of ill health, I shall from this date, sell my entire stock of

Millinery and Fancy Goods

At low rates, FOR CASH ONLY, to close the concern.
Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE.
de28 d1m&tf 100 Fourth street.

TIMOTHY SEED.—61 BAGS RECEIVED PER RAIL road and for sale by
GEO. C. HUNTER,
oct9 Main st. bet. Third and Fourth.

GOLD! GOLD!

Bought and Sold in New York

BY TELEGRAPH.

COMMISSIONS FOR THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF GOLD in New York executed by telegraph.

A. BLAND, Banker,
107 Main Street,
no19 d&n LOUISVILLE, KY.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR.....$10 00
SIX MONTHS.....6 00
ONE MONTH.....1 00

To our Country Patrons

Please to register your letters containing remittances, as we hold ourselves responsible for all losses to us when letters are registered. We are not responsible for losses in the mails, should they occur, unless letters are registered.

☞ The public, we suppose, will not soon understand the late movements that ended in a conference in Hampton roads. The reports published are about as unsatisfactory and as unaccountable, after what had transpired, as we could well imagine.

Blair went to Richmond, returned to Washington, and went back to Richmond. The result was the appointment of commissioners by Jeff. Davis to talk with Mr. Lincoln, and see if this bloody drama could not be stopped. What did Davis say to Blair, and what did Blair say to Davis? What did Blair say to other people in Richmond, and what did they say to him? He did not tell them that anything less than a restoration of the Union would secure peace. They did not indicate to him that nothing less than a recognition of the Southern Confederacy would be listened to. He must have had hopes from what he saw and read that the two parties were nearer together than these formal published accounts indicate; otherwise, he must have felt himself in a puerile occupation.

This generation is not likely to know how a conference came about between parties upon a well-defined issue understood by all, unless their was reason to believe one or both would yield something. According to the published accounts, Abraham Lincoln yielded nothing at all. By the laws of the United States every rebel's property is to be confiscated, and he is to be imprisoned and hung. They must submit to all the laws of the United States, and this law is one of them. The President only makes an indefinite promise to be liberal. He will not hang everybody, but, perhaps, may hang these commissioners. Perhaps something more definite may have been said in that four hours' conference, but it is not given to the world. Acknowledge the authority of the laws of the United States and the rebels are to expect the vengeance of the law or mercy at the discretion of the Executive. They knew as much before the conference, and they have gone home no wiser than they were before. Upon the return of these commissioners, there was a new outburst of fury in the war journals. They taunt those who talked of Union. You see, say they, you can't have Union, except as criminals, with the loss of all property, liberty and life, at the discretion of an enemy, and there is nothing in this conference to relieve what they say, except an indefinite promise to be liberal, which means nothing at all.

We see that the New York Tribune takes a different view of this matter. The writer thinks that Southern people will see that they have no such treatment to fear; that all they have to do is to obey the law and suffer none of the evils that the leaders point out. Perhaps the writer may know something outside of the record; for certainly there is nothing in it to disabuse the minds of people South of an impression which this writer thinks is false. Wherever this record goes, it will confirm what the Richmond papers say. As the matter now stands, there is something unaccountable about it. The parties might tell a better story, perhaps, if they were not afraid They would be willing to do what they will not avoid. They have let out privately what they will not state publicly. One waits for the other to make some advance, and does not say what he thinks, himself, and what he has said to private friends. There are parties and factions at home which it is dangerous to provoke or offend, and these civilians can only feel their way. The ultras at Washington and Richmond were both suspicious of this movement and indignant. What a storm of vengeance they would have raised it either side had conceded anything at all.

☞ A correspondent of the New York Tribune sat down in a state of spasmodic ecstasy to describe and embellish a great event that happened at Washington. Senator Sumner walked into the old Senate chamber leading an American citizen of African descent, of the pure blood. The Judges appeared in their gowns; Chase Chief Justice. All bowed and smiled, and looked grand. Sumner moved the Court that the African gentleman aforesaid, a member of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, be admitted to the bar in that Court. Chase, like Jupiter on Mount Olympus, *nodded*, and the deed was done. The writer feels he can't do justice to the sublime spectacle of a pig in the parlor. He makes several efforts to raise his rhetoric up to the sublime. The occasion and his "feelings" are too much for him, and he flounders about in commonplace party rhapsody.

Well, let this contribution of Massachusetts to the Supreme Court be duly credited. She got a shipload of American citizens of African descent from Savannah, intending to fill up her quota of soldiers with them. The Senate has stopped the operation. Let Massachusetts, instead of making soldiers of these contrabands, make Senators and Congressmen of them. We think that would be a decided improvement. They would do better there than in the army.

These are progressive times. The negro has not advanced much that we know of, but the white man has fallen sadly back; and now that he is demonstrating his incapacity for self government, he need not take on airs much about the negro. This event shows, however, the design of the dominant party. It is not only the freedom of the negro, but his equality, that is to be recognized, and this amendment of the Constitution provides virtually to put the negro in the States out of the power of the States, and under the special care of the Federal Government. The negro is to be under no disabilities, political, civil or social. Let it be recollected, however, that the negro is not responsible for this. He is only a victim. It's the white man's folly.

☞ We have before us at present anything but a promising aspect for the future. The war, which, a few days since, we were willing to believe was in a fair way for a conclusion, seems now fated to be prolonged indefinitely. The end is further off, as far as the probabilities of reunion are concerned, than it was when the fatal gun was fired at Fort Sumter. Then it was known that many in the South earnestly opposed the rebellion; then it was known that President Lincoln and Congress were willing to concede almost anything to induce the States to return. The people, too, sympathizing with the jealous regard of the Southern States for their rights, and conscious that there was some cause for them to be apprehensive of injuries from the dominant party, were disposed to befriend them and to grant every guarantee which the South deemed necessary to security, on the one condition of Union. Unfortunately then, as now, it was out of their power to act. The matter was in the hands of those who were unwilling to be liberal. They succeeded in defeating the Crittenden Compromise and all other favorable measures. So now Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward have succeeded in defeating all prospects of peace.

It has been said, to justify them for this cruel act, that they were compelled to it by the insurgent commissioners—that the latter would consent to no terms of peace, except upon the basis of separation. Unfortunately for this assumption, the response of Mr. Lincoln does not sustain it. All that he says on the subject is, that "while by the other party—i. e. the rebel commissioners—it was not said that in any event or on any conditions they ever would consent to reunion, yet they equally *omitted to declare that they would not so consent*." That is, they neither offered voluntarily to come back into the Union nor refused. but what General Grant says is still more explicit. In his letter to the President urging him to receive the Commissioners, he says:

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Now that the interview between Major Eckert, under his written instructions, and Mr Stephens and party has ended, I will state confidentially, but not officially to become a matter of record, that I am convinced, upon conversation with Messrs. Stephens and Hunter that their intentions are good, and that they *are desirous of peace and Union.* I have not felt myself at liberty to express even views of my own or to account for my reticence. This has placed me in an awkward position, which I could have avoided by not seeing them in the first instance. I fear now their going back without any expression to any one in authority will have a bad influence; at the same time, I recognize the difficulties in the way of receiving these informal commissioners at this time, and I do not know what to recommend

I am sorry, however, that Mr. Lincoln cannot have an interview with the two named in this dispatch, if not all three now within our lines. Their letter to me was all that the President's instructions contemplated to secure their safe conduct, if they had used the same language to Major Eckert.

[Signed] U. S. GRANT, Lieut. Gen.

One can be but struck in this matter with the anxious, amiable effort of the soldier to promote peace, as contrasted with the stubbornness of the civilian President and Secretary. The President takes occasion to send two dispatches to the Lieut. General, urging him in no event to cease hostilities. Indeed, so persistent is this that it becomes unflattering to the officer addressed, and discreditable to the President.

We can assume, then, upon this evidence that these commissioners were disposed to return to the Union conditionally. This brings us to the conditions, and we no longer wonder at their refusal to accept the terms offered. Mr. Lincoln states them:

First, The restoration of the national authority throughout all the States.

Second, No receding by the Executive of United States on the slavery question, from the position assumed thereon in the late annual message to Congress, and in the proceeding documents; and

Third, No cessation of hostilities till the end of the war and the disbanding of all the forces hostile to the government.

It was further added that the recent amendment, by which the regulation of the relation of the blacks and whites was to be taken from the States in which they were, and confided to a Congress fanatical about the negro and exasperated against the Southern whites, would be enforced.

Another concluding portion, if we can rely upon the Southern report transmitted to Davis, is that President Lincoln not only refused to receive the rebels back into the Union through their Confederate Government, but actually went to the extent of refusing to receive them through their States. That is, if Georgia, through the conciliatory but firm policy of Sherman, was induced to return as formerly—as she exceeded—then her admission would be refused. We have no reason to doubt the report. The statements of the President about the probable action of Congress is confirmatory of it. With such terms, knowing the character, resolution and ability of the Southern commissioners, no one can be surprised at the refusal to accept them, and the result is a long war.

This is very unpromising, indeed; but our troubles do not cease here. We find that the radicals, not satisfied with the present difficulties and complications, have, to increase them, resolved on abolition, and further, to take into their hands the regulation of the relation between the blacks and whites in the States. It needs no great foresight to see to what troubles and disasters this will lead. Add to it a quasterly draft for from three to five hundred thousand men, and the future looks dark indeed.

☞ There is a bill before the Legislature to incorporate a company to extend the improvements of the Kentucky river. An act was passed in 1858 for the purpose, but did not take effect. A report, made by Mr. George W. Stealey, Engineer to the Kentucky River Navigation Company, will be before the Legislature, setting forth the value and necessity of this work. Lock and dams have been placed on the river, so as to make it navigable to some distance above Frankfort. The additional work is needed to realize a profit on what is done. There is a large extent of the State that would be benefited by this work that has yet received little from public improvements in the Commonwealth.

☞ There is a gentleman in Wheeling who has for some time past been speculating in oil lands, who has realized so much money that he does not know what to do with it. He said if he kept the money he was afraid that before many years rolled by it would be worthless, and if he invested it in lands in Western Virginia, the prices were so rapidly increasing that he would be compelled to sell the lands to prevent a good bargain and speculation being lost. He started with five hundred dollars capital two years ago, and is now worth over half a million.

FOUR PERSONS CARRIED INTO LAKE ONTARIO AND LOST.—A man named Love, his wife, child and step-mother, while attempting to cross the river in a small boat from Niagara to Youngstown, on Friday night last, were carried out into the lake by ice, and either frozen to death or drowned. The bodies have not yet been recovered. Love had crossed from Youngstown, and insisted upon returning, contrary to the advice of the ferrymen on the river.

FATAL EXPLOSION.—An explosion in a pyrotechnic manufactory in Weymouth, Massachusetts, on Thursday, killed three young women and injured another badly.

☞ Peter Burn, a government employee, stole a bag of coffee at Chattanooga some time ago. Peter has been sent north of the Ohio river, where coffee is more plentiful.

Kentucky Rebel Prisoners.

The following Kentucky rebel prisoners have been received at the Military Prison during the month of January, 1865. The non-commissioned officers were forwarded to Camp Chase, Ohio, and the commissioned officers to Fort Delaware:

William Astley, 10th Ky cav.
Wm S Bruce, D, 12th Ky cav.
Moses Brown, Woodward's bat cav.
Jacob Baker, 12th Ky mounted infantry.
Jas Burgess, B, 13th Ky cav.
J K P Brandon, 13th Ky cav.
Richard C Bognell, A, 13th Ky cav.
John Clemmns, Woodward's bat cav.
G H Cardwell, A, 13th Ky cav.
J C Cunningham, A, 13th Ky cav.
Albert N Conyer, 1st serg A, 1st Ky cav.
A L Davis, A, 13th Ky cav.
Henry S Biggs, courier for Gen. Lyon.
John S Dillingham, C, 13th Ky cav.
Chas Davis, D, 13th Ky cav.
Geo A Doublin, B, Henry's bat cav.
Alex Davis, C, 13th Ky cav.
Denks Dawson, C, 13th Ky cav.
John R French, F, Chenowith's reg't.
V L Freels, 16th Ky cav.
Alex Fowler, A, 13th Ky cav.
Wm F Fowler, A, 13th Ky cav.
Stephen C Gill, D, 13th Ky cav.
E F Guthrie, F, 13th Ky cav.
Wm R Gray, F, 13th Ky cav.
John W Granger, A, 15th Ky cav.
J B Herrin, A, 13th Ky cav.
Wm A Herrin, A, 13th Ky cav.
P W Hiedun, F, 13th Ky cav.
Jessie H Heston, B, 13th Ky cav.
2d Lieut James L Hughes, C, 13th Ky cav.
Jas W Heatman, C, 13th Ky cav.
Elisha Hobbs, —, 10th Ky cav.
Wm C Johnson, A, 14th Ky cav.
Elisha Jones, C, 13th Ky cav.
1st Sergt Benj M Jett, C, 13th Ky cav.
Oliver Kelly, B, 13th Ky cav.
Sam'l S. King, B, 13th Ky cav.
Peter Kelsey, F, 13th Ky cav.
John W Kerlin, 1st Ky Battery.
Francis Myers, C, 14th Ky cav.
Sam'l Mnslek, D Sypert's regiment.
Isaac N Martin, B, Sypert's regiment.
George Murphy, C, 13th Ky cav.
John Mitchell, D, 13th Ky cav.
R B Morrisann, C 13th Ky cav.
John Markham, D, 13th Ky cav.
S W Moore, E, 13th Ky cav.
J W Murphy, A, 13th Ky cav.
Thos Mattingly, E, 13th Ky cav.
Jas H Markham, D, 13th Ky cav.
H C McLaughlin, 1st Ky Battery.
H B Marshall, C, 14th Ky cav.
F M McCormick, C, 14th Ky cav.
2d Lieut Noel McKinley, D, 13th Ky cav.
1st Lieut W R McChesney, C, 13th Ky cav.
Wm A Newton, 1st Sergt, co B, 13th Ky cav.
John Nunn, co A, do do do
W J Nobbett, 1st Lieut, co B, do do do
H C O'Brien, co C, do do do
John Owens, co B, 15th do do
Wm E Phillips, co A, 13th do do
Henry Phillips, Corporal, co A, do do do
T C Potts, do do do do do
F L Pate, do D, do do do
Thomas Potter, do D, do do do
Robt Potts, do A, do do do
B F Purdue, Grace's Kentucky cavalry.
F L Riggs, D, 13th Ky cav.
Jno D Rawls, B, 13th Ky cav.
Huston Riley, C, 3d Ky cav.
Frank Shemwell, L, 7th Ky bat cav.
Elijah Seggers, 10th Ky cav.
F A Skinner, A, 13th Ky cav.
Z J Stiles, First Sergt, A, 13th Ky cav.
Jno W Shaw, A, 13th Ky cav.
B B Sublette, D, 7th Ky cav.
Wm H Smith, A, 15th Ky cav.
Wilkerson Sellers, Captain, D, 13th Ky cav.
W R Stephenson, E, 1st Ky rifles.
Saml P Turner, B, 13th Ky cav.
Richard Vaughn, B, 13th Ky cav.
Jesse S Vaughn, A, 13th Ky cav.
Thos W White, B, 8th Ky cav.
Wm Wilson, 10th Ky cav.
Asbury Woodward, E, 10th Ky cav.
Benj F Williams, —, 10th Ky cav.
Benj F Woodward, B, 13th Ky cav.
J S Wells, B, 13th Ky cav
Geo Wilson, com Sergt, 13th cav.
Danl M Wallace, B, 13th Ky cav.
Jackson Wilson, B, 13th Ky cav.
Jas Wilkes, A, 15th Ky cav.
Jno S Wilkes, A, 13th Ky cav.
Jas W Walden, E, 13th Ky cav.
A C Wallace, A, 13th Ky cav.
Saml A Young, C, 14th Ky cav.

NEGROES IN STREET CARS.—Philadelphia, in common with several other cities, is having its troubles growing out of the question of admitting negroes to the privilege of seats in street railway cars. Under a decision of the local courts the directors of the several lines in that city are recognized as having legislative authority on the subject, with the right to admit or exclude whomsoever they pleased. The road managers, however, have not assumed to decide definitely, because there has been a heavy pressure both *pro* and *con*. They have ordered, however, that in every case where a negro presents himself for a ride, the conductor must take a vote of the white passengers present, and receive or reject him accordingly as they may decide. This order does not suit the radicals of Philadelphia, who fear that their project of negro equality, in this particular thing, will not stand the proposed voting test. So they have had a public meeting at Concert Hall, and addressed a thundering remonstrance to the directors through a committee, of whom Horace Binney, jr., appears as chairman.

☞ A young man named R quille has been arrested at Chambon, near Blois, for the murder of his own mother. It appears that Requille was given to drinking, and that his mother, on the day of the crime, reproached him for having spent all his earnings at the wineshop. Irritated by this he knocked her down with a heavy stick and beat her about the head till she was dead. Early in the morning, before going to his work, he threw the body into the river Cisse, where it was soon afterwards found by some women who went to fetch water. The son was at once suspected to be the murderer, and when charged with the crime confessed his guilt.

☞ A deserter in Clinton county, Penn., who had eluded all parties sent to arrest him, and who, it is alledged, had fired several times upon officials in pursuit of him, was captured last week in a novel manner. The Provost Marshal procured an empty coffin, filled it with muskets, labelled it with the name of a deceased soldier, and sent it in charge of a guard of six veterans in citizens' clothes to be buried in Cato township. The veterans, with their solemn burden, reached the township without exciting the slightest suspicion, and then and there broke open the coffin, seized their arms and arrested the deserter.

BOUNTY JUMPERS COMING.—The Albany (N. Y.) Journal warns us that several squads of "bounty jumpers" have passed through that city on their way West to "operate." The first squad took the train a week ago, and were mostly Albany thieves, who knew it would be useless for them to present themselves there as recruits. The second squad were nearly all from New York, and came to Albany to enlist, under the impression that the Marshal would be green enough to accept them. But of the whole number who offered themselves, only three were received. The next squad who wended their way westward were all from New York, and numbered over a hundred.

☞ About three years since a newly married man of Youngtown enlisted as a soldier, and was soon after reported killed. After a while the widow received what she naturally considered as confirmatory news of her husband's death, and applied for back pay and pension, and indulged a second time in matrimony. In a short time after her marriage her former husband returned, having been a prisoner since his reported death. But he was not as saintly as Enoch Arden, for he knocked down his rival and appropriated his long-lost bride.

☞ J. G. Knitz, editor of the Bellefonte Central Press, is sick of his political associates. Hear how he talks:

We are heartily disgusted with the business of printing a party newspaper in Center county.

We have exhausted our means for the welfare and success of the Republican party; have spent time, money and labor for unscrupulous, ambitious, rotten hearted politicians, who respect their pledged word with no more consideration than the swine would the pearls before them.

☞ A little girl twelve years of age was drowned in a cistern in St. Louis a few days ago.

☞ A lamb giving way to its feelings in a plaintive cry would be an excellent object for a bas-relief.—[Punch.

OFFICIAL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

FRIDAY EVENING, February 10, 1865.

Present—President Brown, and all the members except Aldermen Kinkead and Crow.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were approved, and the reading thereof was dispensed with.

A message was received from His Honor the Mayor transmitting the copies of two acts of the General Assembly authorizing the city to raise two hundred thousand dollars as a fund to encourage volunteering, and recommending that steps be taken to raise an additional sum for a like purpose, which was ordered to be filed.

An ordinance from the Common Council, concerning the issue and payment of city bonds to create a bounty fund in the city of Louisville, was read once, ordered to be read a second time, and the second reading being dispensed with, the same was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—President Brown, and Aldermen Story, Rubel, Murphy, Osborne, Hubbard, Carter, Caruth, and Baird—9.

Nays—none.

An ordinance from the Common Council authorizing the issue of city bonds to raise a bounty fund in the city of Louisville and to provide for their payment, was read once and ordered to be read a second time, and the second reading being dispensed with by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elect, the same was passed by the following vote:

Yeas—President Brown, and Aldermen Story, Rubel, Murphy, Osborne, Hubbard, Carter, Caruth, and Baird—9.

Nays—None.

A resolution from the Common Council was adopted, constituting His Honor the Mayor the City Treasurer, and two member of the Board of Aldermen, a committee to manage and disburse the fund arising from the sale of bonds to encourage volunteering.

A resolution from the Common Council was submitted instructing the committee appointed to manage the fund for encouraging enlistments, to call upon citizens liable to draft to come forward and pay into a general fund $25, to be used in procuring substitutes and otherwise for the benefit of drafted persons.

[Alderman Caruth being in the chair.]

Alderman Brown submitted a substitute for said resolution, which was rejected by the following vote:

Yeas—President Brown, and Aldermen Carter and Caruth—3.

Nays—Aldermen Story, Rubel, Murphy, Osborne, Hubbard, and Baird—6.

The original resolution was then adopted.

A resolution from the Common Council was adopted, raising a Committee consisting of His Honor the Mayor, and the Presidents of each Board of the General Council, to confer and arrange with the County Commissioners, or other parties, for the county, taking proper steps to fill, at the county's expense, the quota of enlistments to be filled by Jefferson county, exclusive of the city of Louisville.

[Alderman Brown being in the chair.]

A resolution was adopted requesting the United States authorities to separate the quota required for the approaching draft in Louisville and Jefferson county.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

J. J. Tigert, $224 75, for repair of pumps, Eastern District;

John Keegan to claims, $275 25, extra work on crossings;

John Graham, $25, for the repair of streets, Western District;

P. & M. Pfeifer, $105 50

Daily Bulletin

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
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—OFFICE—
South Side Green Street, two doors below the Customhouse.

TUESDAY, FEB. 14 1865.

NOTICE TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS

The Daily Bulletin, delivered by carriers throughout the city, at the rate of twenty-five cents per week, including the Sunday paper.

CITY NEWS.

Our Agents.—Messrs. Norris & Bro., Lexington, and Mr. J. D. Dalton, Frankfort, are our agents. The Daily Bulletin can be had regularly from them every morning.

The Draft Fund.

The subscription book to raise money to fill the city's quota was opened at the Mayor's office yesterday morning, and during the day a large number of persons came forward and subscribed the $25 as required by the ordinance which passed the Common Council at their last meeting night. One person, who is not subject to draft, came forward and subscribed the sum of $50. We would urge upon our citizens the importance of attending to this matter at once. The draft has been postponed for one month, and if our citizens will take hold of this matter our quota will be filled and the city will be relieved of the draft at very small expense to each person.

We understand that the Mayor has opened recruiting offices in different portions of the city, in connection with other recruiting officers, and the work of recruiting will commence at once. The Mayor, who understand, will, with the means of all persons who subscribe, refer to the draft fund.

POLICE COURT—*Monday, Feb 13th*.—James Long, drunk and disorderly; fined $5.

James Brady, malicious killing Cows, W. Mayo; continued until Wednesday.

James W. B., stealing coffee; turned over to the military authorities.

Daniel Murphy, stealing goods from steamer Star of the Eagle; fined $10 and costs; Wednesday.

Wm. Henry Ryan, Charles Hesser, and Ernest Lehman, drunk and disorderly; fined $5 each, and bond in $300 to keep the peace.

A. J. Huggins, drunk and disorderly; fined $5.

Thos. McDonald, drunk and threw off his family; continued until to-morrow.

Richard Moore, stealing blankets from Wm. Cox; discharged upon motion of city attorney.

Edward Sparks, disorderly; in Mr. Hewitt's custody over to the military.

Geo. Collier, drunk and disorderly; fined as a watchman sent to Provost Marshal.

Henry Loring, passing counterfeit bank notes with intent to circumvent the same.

Robert Lee, embezzling $15.50; discharged on motion of City Attorney.

Allen Hamilton, larceny, stealing clothes from Daniel Coleman; $100 bond to answer at Circuit Court.

Pike Emerson, drunk and disorderly; United States Provost Marshal; bond in $100 to answer.

E. Shotbrush, same; fined $10 and costs; counterfeiting; held in $500 to answer.

Wm. Black, malicious injury to the property of city; discharged.

Caroline Miller, Clara Singer, and Wm. Brockman, keeping disorderly houses; continued until Wednesday.

DISGRACEFUL.—Since Capt. Ward has been laid up, it seems the soldiers at Exchange Barracks, on Main street, have been doing pretty much as they please. They have been amusing themselves by throwing brickbats from the upper windows at the street cars as they pass by at night. One night lately a boy threw a brick and struck one of the horses on the head, injuring him severely. Lately several cars have been struck, breaking the windows in them, and endangering the lives of ladies, children and gentlemen who may be passengers. Sunday night one of them threw a brickbat and struck one of the drivers on the forehead injuring him severely. We hope such disgraceful proceedings will be put to an end, and the depredators punished for such unsoldierly conduct.

A SWINDLING OPERATION.—During the past week or two we have heard of several instances where persons have been swindled in the following manner: A man will make a number of small articles to a grocery somewhere in the city and sell them, the goods not being stamped. A short time afterwards he will go to the same store, purchase a small quantity of the articles and then go and report to the authorities that such persons are violating the revenue law. The person is of course arrested and fined, a per centage of the fine, we understand, going to the informer. Yesterday an old lady was beat out of sixty dollars in this manner. We mention these facts in order that the authorities may ferret out the scoundrels and bring them to justice.

BAR STORES.—Messrs. Cropper, Patten & Co. have fitted up in the second story of their building, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, one of the most complete bar stores to be found in the city. They will constantly keep on hand the finest liquors, wines, cigars, and everything needed in fitting out a bar-room. The place will be under the management of John T. Stallcup, who is well acquainted with the business, and he will take pleasure in waiting on all of those who may give him a call.

OPENED.—Yesterday the Great Western Billiard Rooms at the United States Hotel were opened by the gentlemanly proprietors, Messrs. Fletcher & Bowen. The tables are the finest in the city, and from the time the saloon was opened until late at night the balls were kept in motion by a number of professional and amateur players. The rooms were opened under the most propitious circumstances, and they will no doubt be a place of popular resort for those fond of this fine game.

CONTINUED.—Yesterday morning Caroline Miller, Clara Singer and Wm. Brockman were presented before the Police Court, charged with the murder of Philip Miller by administering poison. The case was continued until Wednesday morning, when it will be thoroughly investigated. There is considerable interest manifested in the case, and we will publish the testimony in full after the trial.

MUSTY ALE.—This fine beverage can be obtained at all times at the Musty Ale House, on Sixth street, near Main. The proprietors, Messrs. Myers & Carr, are gentlemen of enterprise and industry, and they will keep nothing on hand but the very best. They also have an extra brand of cigars.

PRISONERS ARRIVED.—Six commissioned officers and forty-three non-commissioned officers and privates, prisoners of war, arrived here night before last, from Nashville; also one citizen prisoner and twenty-six deserters from the rebel army.

☞ Col. Thomas B Fairleigh, who acted as Commander of this post for some time, to the entire satisfaction of all, left yesterday for Virginia, to take charge of his regiment.

Jefferson County Court.

MONDAY, Feb. 13, 1865.

On the motion of W D S Taylor and others, E. D. Hobbs, Jacob Hite and Joseph R Hinson were appointed viewers to view a proposed road from the mouth of Coleman's lane to a warehouse at O'Bannon's depot.

Sarah Lawson was qualified on the 10th instant as executrix of Wm P. Lawson without surety, as requested by the will of the said W. P. Lawson.

The will of A. B. Anderson was proved and ordered to be recorded. Caroline B. Anderson was qualified as executrix without surety, as requested by the will.

Mary Ann Harbinson selected John McAteer as her guardian, who gave bond, with W. Bix as surety.

C. H. Bulkley was appointed administrator of Robert S. Evans, W. T. Owen, surety.

Rule vs. Phœbe Ann Levi, executrix of Willis Levi, to file inventory of his estate.

J. W. Kalfus gave bond as guardian of J. M. and Laura R. Kalfus, Southern Kalfus surety.

Mary Thierman was appointed administratrix of Henry Thierman, Henry Webben and D Sauer sureties.

J. M. Halsell was appointed administrator of Wm. B. Maury, N. H. Lucas and A. H. Smith sureties.

Aaron Herbacher, Henry Weilbacher and Frank Zurmaster filed declarations of their intentions to become citizens of the United States.

J. A. Hendricks, guardian in Indiana, of Measha and Emma D Jones, produced satisfactory evidence that he has executed bond with sufficient security, in said State, and is permitted to withdraw from T. C. Pomeroy, guardian here, moneys in his hands.

Martha McGinnis appointed administratrix of Thomas McGinnis, Floyd Parks surety.

The will of James Malone was proved and ordered to record. Wm. A. Nally and Wm. Sweeney qualified as executors without security, as requested by said will.

William Kendrick appointed guardian of Wm. K and Joseph T. Penton, Emma F. Penton surety.

John Reid appointed guardian of John Herman, Antolia Longinetti surety.

Mrs. Elizabeth Nelson relinquished her right to qualify as administratrix of her husband, Horatio Nelson. Conrad Uder qualified as administrator on said estate, John W. Bowser surety.

The settled accounts of John C. Rudz, guardian of Fannie, James H. and Kate Rudz, filed and continued for exceptions.

Smith M Logan and Miss M. Logan selected S. S Rash as their guardian, who gave bond, with James C. McFenon surety.

Peter Daley appointed guardian of Anthony McDonald, Dennis Daley surety.

Melina Briswalder appointed administratrix of James A. Briswalder, J. W. Gans surety.

APPEARANCE ON THE RIVER.—We learn that there are a few straggling gangs of guerrillas scattered along the Kentucky shore between this city and Henderson. In Ohio county back of Owensboro there is a company of Missouri guerrillas dressed in Federal uniform, who are committing all sorts of depredations, such as murder, arson, robbery, etc. They represent themselves as Federal soldiers at times, and are often guided by Union men through the country. One day last week they stated that they were Union soldiers and got two Union men to go with them to a certain place. The poor men did not dream of their being Kansas and Missouri guerrillas. As soon as they reached their point of destination they murdered the two Union men on the principle that "dead men tell no tales." This gang had committed several like murders. In several places along the river the citizens are preparing to go South rather than be drafted. At Lawrenceport, Rock House and other towns along the river they are forming into companies already; in fact, quite a number have already gone. Guerrillas were in the vicinity of Brandenburg and West Point on Sunday.

UNITED STATES COURT—GRAND JURY EMPANNELED.—The Circuit Court of the United States, Hon. Bland Ballard, presiding, and J. R. Tevis, Attorney, met yesterday morning, when the following grand jury was empannelled: A Dupuy, foreman; T. B. Spaulding, W. A Bradley, James L. Hille, M. Searcy, W. S Holloway, S G. Dry, M. S. Montgomery, O. Rawson, A. B. Semple, Winn Owen, G. S. Swope, M F. Ramsey, E. A. Stekes, D. V. Mardeville and A. McBride.

A large number of witnesses were examined before the grand jury, but they had returned no indictments up to the time the Court adjourned. The grand jury will be in session this week, and the regular term of the court will commence on Monday.

FAST RIDING.—We would again call the attention of the authorities to the reckless manner in which some persons drive through the streets, placing the lives of pedestrians in constant danger. Last evening several persons were amusing themselves by racing through Third street, from Jefferson to Walnut. At the corner of Green they came very near running over two ladies. There is an ordinance against fast driving through the streets, and we hope that the proper authorities will see that it is enforced.

BARRACKS No. 1.—Yesterday was quite a lively day at the barracks. The receipts were seventy five convalescents from various points, four guerrillas from the military prison and two from the office of the Provost Marshal in this city. There were sent off one hundred and forty nine convalescents to Nashville, Tenn., one hundred and fifty-nine to New York city, one hundred and seven to Annapolis, Md., seven to Washington, D C, four to Baltimore, forty five to Cincinnati, and eighteen to Lexington, Ky.

REBEL OFFICERS.—The following rebel commissioned officers arrived night before last from Nashville: James C. Bright, Assistant Surgeon, Eighth Tennessee Infantry; John B. Corn, Captain, Twenty-seventh Alabama; Robert H. Ditsler, Assistant Surgeon, Malone's regiment cavalry; George W. Gullett, A. A Surgeon, Malone's cavalry; Peter Simmons, First Lieutenant, Twenty first Tennessee cavalry; Henry Stone, Assistant Surgeon, —— Florida infantry.

GUERRILLAS.—The following persons, charged with being guerrillas, were yesterday transferred from Barracks No. 1, in this city, to Capt. Vance, Provost Marshal of the District of Kentucky, who will have their cases investigated: John Smith, J. J. Strainey, B. Bench, James Truddle, B. A Blanford, M. Wheelfriend, J. D. Walker, Geo. Rinfer, Geo. Walton and H. Rodes.

ARREST OF DESERTERS.—The following persons were arrested in this city yesterday as deserters and confined in Barracks No. 1: Geo. Ridgway, co. M, Sixth Kentucky cavalry; Jas. Combs, co. E, Twenty-eighth Kentucky, and Wm. Gallagher, Sixteenth Kentucky.

☞ The following Kentuckians were among the prisoners arrived here on Sunday night: Benjamin B. Buckley, private, Twelfth Kentucky cavalry; James T. Donblin, private, Third Kentucky cavalry; Thomas C. Wells, private, Twelfth Kentucky cavalry.

☞ The train from Nashville yesterday brought up six or seven of General Lyon's men, who were captured near Bowlinggreen. They were sent to the military prison under guard.

☞ The train from Nashville arrived about half an hour behind time last evening. There was nothing of interest transpiring along the line.

☞ Yesterday was an exceedingly dull day in police circles, there not having been a single arrest made up to dark.

Amusements.

WOOD'S THEATER.—Again was this popular place of amusement crowded last night to witness the young American tragedian, Edwin Adams, in his great part of Macbeth, in Shakspeare's celebrated play of that name. As Macbeth Mr. Adams has but few equals and no superior; while in certain portions of the piece we think him superior to any person we have ever seen. Mr. Albaugh's Macduff was an excellent piece of acting, and he often received rounds of applause from the audience. Miss Ada Gray as Lady Mabeth was truly great. Her conception of the sleeping scene is grand, and in this scene we think her equal to Mrs. Waller, who is acknowledged by the press of both this country and England to be the best Lady Macbeth on the stage. The other parts were well performed, but we have not space this morning to particularize each one. Mr. Adams will appear to-night in the beautiful play of King of the Commons.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—This week closes the engagement of the Florences in our city. Their engagement has been one of the most successful of the season, the house being nightly filled. To-night Mr and Mrs. Florence will appear in the great drama of Domby & Son.

LA RUE'S ENTERTAINMENT.—Masonic Temple was crowded last evening with an enthusiastic audience, to witness the first exhibition in this city of La Rue's celebrated Stratopatecticon, illustrative of the present war. This exhibition is indeed a novelty. It does not merely consist of a series of paintings, but rather, we might say, of panoramic sections, across which move steamships sailing-vessels, row-boats, schooners, soldiers, army wagons, horses, artillery, all the paraphernalia of war, etc., the automatic movements of which impress the spectator with the idea of life and make him wonder how mechanism can be so completed—how it can be made to accomplish so much. Battle-grounds and battles are introduced, the firing of musketry is heard; military manœuvers are seen; fields of battle are brought out in the most interesting manner; guns and mortars are fired—the flashing, then the booming; down goes the secession flag and up goes the Stars and Stripes—the audience cheers. Mr. La Rue intersperses the entertainment with humorous impersonations of eccentric characters, at which the audience are not only highly amused, but are wonder-stricken throughout his entire performances. His instantaneous changes of face, voice and costume are the theme of wonder and surprise. The show will be repeated to-night.

VARIETIES.—The Varieties was crowded last night with a good audience. There are several new performers added to the troupe, which makes their entertainments more interesting and pleasing than ever. The programme for to-night is a choice one. Let the house be full.

The Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

This new road, which has lately been opened, adds another means of communication to that heretofore existing between the eastern and western sections of our country, and is already attracting the attention which its great importance commands. The road commences at Salamanca, New York, a station on the Erie Railway forty five miles east of Dunkirk, thence runs in a southwesterly course across the northwestern corner of the State of Pennsylvania, in the immediate vicinity of the famous oil regions of that State, and enters the State of Ohio east of and near the town of Warren; thence it takes a still more southern course, passing through the towns of Akron, Galliopolis and Urbana, to Dayton, Ohio, where it intersects the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, running into Cincinnati over that road. At Cincinnati it connects with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad to St. Louis. The gauge of this road is "broad" or six-foot gauge, the same as the Erie Railway, and is, in fact, as its projectors intended, a continuation of that road. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road have also laid a six-foot track between Dayton and Cincinnati, thereby connecting the Atlantic and Great Western Railway with the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, thus forming a continuous "broad gauge" line one thousand and two hundred miles in length, connecting New York and St. Louis without break of gauge, and cars are now being run through between the two points without any transfer.

The advantages of this new route to the business men of this city cannot fail to be seen, for, besides furnishing us with an additional means of communication with eastern cities, it is one having decided advantages over others.

The entire line from New York to Cincinnati is under the management of but two sets of officers, and the interests of the entire line are identical, and with this in view, every facility will be furnished for the prompt and expeditious transfer of freight. Arrangements have been made whereby freights shipped from one terminus goes through to the other without any transfer, thereby avoiding the delays and damages incident to reshipping at points of transhipment.

Even at the moderate speed of only ten miles an hour the distance from New York to Cincinnati can be made in less than four days, and this will enable the line to deliver freights at the wharf-boat in this city in about five days from New York, an advantage which our business men will not fail to see and duly appreciate.

GUERRILLA.—A man named Secar was arrested on the train from Lexington at Frankfort yesterday. It is said he has been a dangerous guerrilla and bushwhacker.

Court of Appeals.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 13, 1865.

CAUSES DECIDED.

Harris vs. Huesman, Henry; Ward vs. Leathers, Gallatin; affirmed.
Green vs. Ross, Greenup; reversed.
Hudson vs. Barr, McGrew et al., Greenup; affirmed
Offutt vs. Emison, Scott;
Ashurst vs. Withers, Scott;
Mallory vs. Smith, Scott; reversed.

ORDERS.

Manpin, executor, &c., vs. Wool et al., Bath; opinion slightly modified, and petition for rehearing overruled.
Righter vs. Forrester et al., Bourbon; affidavit filed, order submitted and set aside, warning order awarded and cause continued.
Smith vs. Logan, Greenup; appeal dismissed.
Little vs. Daugherty, Greenup; continued.
Galliger vs. Robinson, Greenup;
Pugh vs. Bradford, Pendleton;
McNeal vs. McNeal, Warren; were submitted on briefs.
Bell, Buckley & Co. vs Hall's executor, Scott; argument concluded by J. B. Beck, Esq., for appellants.

FIRE AT CORYDON, IND.—About 3 o'clock Sunday morning a most destructive fire broke out in the business portion of Corydon, Ind. The fire spread rapidly, as there were no engines with which to combat it, and raged with great fury. The citizens, with buckets, worked nobly, but their efforts were unavailing until the fire exhausted itself for want of more materials. The fire originated in a saddler's shop from a barrel of hot ashes. The following is a list of the sufferers, and the houses destroyed: Miller's Hotel, corner of the square; Dr. Reader's drug store; Douglas & Denbo's dry goods store; Reynold's saddler shop; Jordan & Wilson's dry goods store; Lane's family grocery store, and Kintner's saddle shop.

The loss is estimated at $35,000.

☞ A young man in the last stage of consumption in a Paris hospital resolved to put an end to his existence. He induced one of the attendants to purchase for him a knife, under the pretext that he could not cut his bread with the one he had. The young man then passed his hand under the bedclothes and ripped open his abdomen, without uttering a cry or exclamation, and without being perceived by either of the three attendants who were in the ward at the time. On one of the latter going a little later to see if the patient required anything, he found him quite dead.

☞ We understand that some of the farmers in Fayette and the adjoining counties have been greatly annoyed of late by squads of soldiers engaged in the impressment of negroes.

☞ A new paper, to be called the Kentucky Central Gazette, is to be started at Danville, Ky. It will make its appearance about the 1st of March.

Buena Vista Oil and Mining Company.

We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the following letter of Professor J. Lawrence Smith to Messrs. Menefee & Atwood. We understand that there will be a few more shares of the stock sold in this city. Parties desiring to invest a small amount with the prospect of very large returns, will do well to read the letter of Professor Smith, who is so well and favorably known to the scientific world:

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 11, 1865.

Messrs. Menefee & Atwood:

SIRS: I have visited your tract of land in Harrison county, Ind., seventeen miles below this city, and a short distance from the river. The weather being severe, and the ground frozen, the exploration I made of it was not as thorough as it would have been under other circumstances. My examination was principally confined to a long ravine in which there are now two engines at work; two wells are being sunk, one having reached the depth of one hundred and fifty feet. The compact rock around the hill is limestone that is slightly bituminous. On the top of one of the hills that was examined there was much decomposed sand rock, but for reasons already stated these hills were not thoroughly explored. The most important point, however, in connection with this region, is the occurrence of a shaly limestone, in seams, in the more compact rock. This contains petroleum, and at various points that were examined, it oozed out in drops. There were also small masses of bituminous resulting from the evaporation of the petroleum that had passed out of the shale.

I broke off much of the shaly limestone at different points, and found the crevices charged with petroleum, and as the fragments fell into the creek the water became covered with layers of the oil.

Those engaged in boring the wells have informed me that petroleum was struck at seventeen feet, forty feet, eighty feet and one hundred feet below the surface in small quantities; at these points the petroleum bearing rock already alluded to must have been traversed.

The above facts, with all I have been able to gather in relation to the neighboring region of Indiana and Kentucky, show that the petroleum indications are, to say the least of it, quite as favorable on your tract of land as elsewhere.

Yours respectfully,
J. LAWRENCE SMITH

LOCAL NOTICES.

☞ Mr. C. C. Spencer's grocery sale takes place this morning at 10 o'clock, and he will also sell one fine, large pair of platform scales.

FRENCH CHINA TEA SETS.—The finest styles ever brought to this city have just been received at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets. fe14 d2

FANCY GOODS.—A fine lot, consisting of flower vases, motto cups, cologne sets, card receivers, etc., have just been received at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets. fe14 d2

☞ A good assortment of plain, white and gold band French china at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets. fe14 d2

Cave Hill Cemetery.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 11, 1865

Persons having relations in the public vault of Cave Hill Cemetery are requested to remove the remains, as the present vault is to be taken down and replaced by another structure.

ROBERT ROS,
fe13 d2w Superintendent.

Cosmopolitan Gift Book Room,

210 FOURTH STREET,

Opposite National Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

The largest and most liberally conducted establishment of the kind in the United States.

We constantly keep on hand all the standard and miscellaneous books published, which we sell at the lowest publishers' prices, and a gift with each book, at the time of sale, worth from fifty cents to one hundred dollars. Catalogues mailed to any address upon the receipt of five cents.

M. MURPHY, Agent,
Post office Box 73.

A Relief.

You are troubled with a bad breath; it annoys your friends and acquaintances, as well as yourself. You would like to get rid of it, but scarcely know what means to adopt. We will tell you. Use the Fragrant Sozodont! It will cleanse and beautify your teeth, and leave your breath pure and sweet.

Sold by druggist. fe9 eod3

☞ There is no good reason why gentlemen should wear ill-fitting shirts when they can have them made in the very best style and warranted to fit, at Gross & Greene's, Main and Fourth streets. This house gives much attention to this branch of its business, and asks the attention of gentlemen to its new department. j24 d4m

☞ If you want a beautiful miniature or ivory, or large photographs painted with great fidelity, call on Mons. Alcan (a pupil of Mons. Charles, of Paris,) at the photographic studio, southwest corner Third and Main streets, where you will also find Mr Gorbutt ready to paint in his pleasing style life-size portraits in oil. Copies from the most valued pictures executed with despatch.

j 18 d1m

GREAT JEWELRY AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—Mr. Jordan White will continue the business at the old stand, No. 311 Third street, east side, between Market and Jefferson. Everything in variety as heretofore—watches, jewelry, plated and britania ware, &c. Examine goods and learn prices. je21d1f

☞ Beautiful colored photographs and pictures of children taken, and old pictures copied and enlarged at "The Louisville Gallery of Photography," 85 Fourth street, six doors from the National Hotel. d14 d3m

☞ To buy or not to buy, that's the question." Our agents of the most elegant make—Mascoxy, Esquimaux and Chinchilla beavers, offered at very low prices, at

J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
Main street, opposite the National.

☞ Cook, washer and ironer wanted. Apply at this office, between 9 and 10 o'clock A. M. j25 d1f

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, in Jeffersonville, Ind., on the 9th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Bushnell, J. W PAIRO of Louisville Ky., and MARTHA A. HOWARD, of Jeffersonville.

At the Walnut-street Baptist Church, in this city, on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1865, by the Rev G. C. Lednum, Mr. ROBERT E ERASHEAR and Miss EMMA V. TURNER.

DIED,

On the 13th instant, at 5½ o'clock, Mrs. MARION T. FIELDER, in the 43d year of her age.

Her funeral will take place from the family residence, at 2½ o'clock P. M., Wednesday, Feb 15th. d1*

APRIL ELECTION.

FOR MAYOR.

WM. R. HYDES, late City Marshal, is a candidate for the office of Mayor, at the city election in April. fe9dte*

WM. KAYE, the present incumbent, is a candidate for Mayor at the ensuing April election. fe9dte*

Masonic Notice.

LOUISVILLE R. A. CHAPTER, NO. 5, will convene this (Tuesday) evening, the 14th inst., at 6½ o'clock.

By order H. P.

fe14 d&nl* S. HILLMAN, Sec'y.

FOR SALE.

No. 60. House and Lot.

A NEAT ONE-STORY FRAME COTTAGE, ON Eleventh street, near Broadway. Price $1,900. For particulars inquire of

HAMLIN & HINE, Real Estate Agents,
fe14 d2 310 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE.

I WOULD SELL A NEAT HOUSE AND LOT, in Lagrange, Ky. For particulars apply to A. J. OLDHAM, Clerk Oldham County Court.

fe14 d6* JOHN McKENZIE.

FOR SALE

A BOOT, SHOE AND HAT STORE IN A GOOD business part of the city. Inquire at this office.

fe14 d3*

For Hire,

A NEGRO BOY, 15 YEARS OLD. ALSO, TWO girls, aged 10 and 11 years.

Mrs. M. W. SCROGIN, First st.,
fe14 d3* Between Chestnut and Gray, east side.

Wanted,

A NUMBER ONE TRUNK BOX MAKER. APPLY at J. H. McCLEARY'S, northeast cor. Fourth and Main streets. Good wages and steady work given.

fe14 d3*

Substitutes.

VETERANS, ALIENS AND MINORS WISHING to go into the army as substitutes, would do well by calling on the undersigned, at No. 335 Third street, east side, bet. Market and Jefferson. SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED TO PRINCIPALS ON SHORT NOTICE AND REASONABLE TERMS.

[fe6 d13*] LORD & STEPHENS.

Musty Ale.

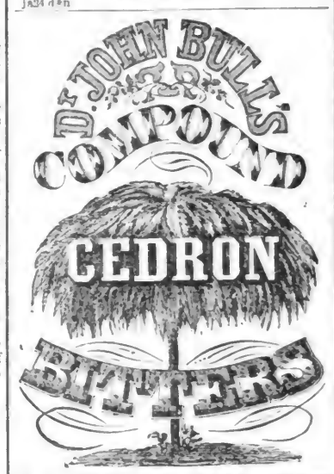
THE FINEST ALE IN THE CITY IS NOW on tap at the Musty Ale House, Sixth, near Main. Also Black Porter, and that fine old English drink 'Alf and 'Alf. fe10 d3*

BONNET-BOARDS—
300 gross brown;
200 gross blue and white;
50 gross white; for sale by
fe13 d6 A. V. DU PONT & CO., 409 Main st.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HONEST GOODS
AT
FAIR PRICES.

GREEN & GREEN
Main and Fourth Streets,
Keep a good stock of
Hats, Furs
AND
Furnishing Goods
Shirts and Underwear
MADE TO ORDER.
Ja24 d&n



IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO PUBLISH A LONG LIST of diseases for which the CEDRON BITTERS are a specific. To all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER or KIDNEYS; to all affections of the Brain, pending upon derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT, RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, and in FEVER and AGUE, it is decidedly unsurpassed; all other remedies. It not only cures the sickness, but it prevents them. A wine-glass full of the BITTERS, taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill effects of the most unhealthy locations, and secure the taker against diseases under most trying exposure.

PREPARED BY
DR. JOHN BULL,
At his Laboratory, on Fifth Cross S reet
de22 d2m* LOUISVILLE, KY.

The Horrors of Indigestion.

You complain of your stomach, unfortunate dyspeptic; but ought not your stomach to complain of you? Possibly the pangs you endure are simply the stomach's method of taking revenge upon you for neglecting and abusing it. Perhaps you have never made an effort to improve its condition, but on the other hand are continually cramming it with unwholesome and incongruous food. Have you ever tried HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a proper diet and regular meals? The Bitters in a week would put your digestive apparatus in perfect order, regulate the flow of life in accordance with the laws of health, and produce just so much aperient action as would be necessary for your good; and when you were once all right, judicious and regular dieting, with a little of the Tonic now and then, would keep you so. If you have neglected these means of cure, don't blame your stomach for its rebellion. It is merely nature's hint that she wants help. If you neglect it, the next thing may be inflammation or Scirrhus Cancer, or some other virulent and dangerous disease. There is such a thing as being too late in these matters. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS will cure Dyspepsia; but Dyspepsia may engender diseases which will defy restoratives.

fe13 d2w

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR THE RADICAL CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the Disease.

Rx

So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, it is superior to every other expectorant in the apprehension of the discerning, and where its virtues are known, the public can no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

We can only assure the public that its quality is carefully kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all that it has ever done.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of our remedies, but space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC, in which they are given, with also full descriptions of the complaints they cure.

Those who require an *alterative medicine* to purify the blood will find AYER'S COMP. EXT. SARSAPARILLA the remedy to use. Try it once, and you will know its value.

☞ Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by FD. WILDER, Louisville,
ja24 d&m And by all Druggists.

Lubin's Frangipanni Toilet Powder

This widely and justly celebrated article, which is used throughout Europe, and considered a necessity in the toilet of every lady, is now for the first time introduced to the ladies of America.

FRANGIPANNI POWDER

Is unrivalled for removing CHAPS, BLOTCHES, CHAFES, and other impurities of the skin, rendering it SOFT, CLEAR, SMOOTH and BEAUTIFUL

FRANGIPANNI POWDER

Is used to remove TAN and FRECKLES, giving freshness to the complexion, and a healthy hue to the skin with Youthful Softness.

FRANGIPANNI POWDER

Is used by the ladies of Europe to sprinkle on the inside of Kid Gloves, enabling a tight glove to be drawn on and off with ease, and preventing their being soiled by perspiration. After the glove is withdrawn, it leaves the hand smooth, Soft and White, with a delicate softness and perfume.

FRANGIPANNI POWDER

Is used to remove all ROUGHNESS and redness of the Hands, Arms and Face. It soothes CORNS, and all other cutaneous excrescences.

PRICE 25 CENTS AND 50 CENTS,
according to size of package.

☞ Sent by mail on receipt of price.

For sale by WILLCOX & CO.,
Principal Agents, 1st Water street, New York.
Also by the principal Druggists and Perfumers.
Ja28 d2m

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS, SEMINAL, URINARY AND SEXUAL SYSTEMS—new and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON Howard Association, No. 3 south Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. fe4 d&w1 Ap28

AT
PRATHER & SMITH'S
429 Main Street,
Ladies' Fine Mink, Sable, Fitch and Stone Marten Capes, Collars, Victorines and Muffs and Cuffs.
—ALSO—
Gents' Fur Collars and Gloves and Buffalo and Janette Robes,
Together with a large stock of
Men's and Boys' Felt Hats & Caps.
A large stock in store and for sale cheap for cash.
PRATHER & SMITH,
fe8 d&3 429 MAIN STREET.

NEW ADVERTISE'TS.

KING & OWEN,

UNDERTAKERS

At the old stand, southeast corner Jefferson and Third Streets.

HAVING THOROUGHLY CHANGED THE OLD house and fitted it up for our business in a style heretofore unknown in this city, we will devote our time exclusively to the burial of the dead, for which purpose we will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

I. C. SHULER & CO.'S

Justly celebrated Air-tight Galvanized Wrought Iron Caskets and Cases, which, for lightness, durability, style and finish, surpass anything before offered to the public.

We also keep on hand CRANE, BREED & CO.'s and W. M. RAYMOND & CO.'S Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Coffins and Coffin Mountings. All calls attended to promptly night or day, in the city or country, by one of the firm in person. The senior partner of this house has the exclusive agency for the sale of I. C. SHULER & CO.'S Caskets and Cases in the Eastern division of Kentucky, commencing at the mouth of Salt River (excepting some three or four counties where they are now sold), and is prepared to furnish Undertakers with them, by calling at our office, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

de28 KING & OWEN.

R. ATKINSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants
—AND—
Bankers,
No. 41 Broad Street,
NEW YORK.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF PROPERTY. All orders to buy or sell Gold or Government Securities promptly attended to on the usual terms. Will allow liberal interest on deposit account.

Apply to Messrs. O. W. THOMAS & CO., Louisville Ky., who are our agents, and will make all necessary arrangements for us fe10 d1m

O. F. YOUNG, Of Wilson & Young, N. O. W. B. WILSON Of Louisville.

YOUNG & WILSON,
Commission Merchants,
NO. 180 PEARL STREET,
Ja24 d3m NEW YORK.

LOUISVILLE BRANCH
—OF THE—
Great Western Real Estate
—AND—
War Claim Agency.
HAMLIN & HINE,
Authorized Agents for Collecting War Claims.
Office 310 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth sts.

THEIR PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE IN THE PROSECUTION of claims for bounties, pensions, back pay, &c., has been such that they can warrant expedition and success in all claims by them prosecuted. Fee reasonable, and no charge in any case unless successful.

FOR SALE,

One hundred and fifty fine Improved Farms in Indiana and Illinois, among which are the following:

No. 122. A Farm of

278 acres, in Clark co., Ind., 3 miles from Summit, on the J. & I. R. R., 15 miles from Jeffersonville, 90 acres in cultivation, balance fine timber, one orchard, one of 500 trees each. Price $20 per acre. Terms easy. For particulars inquire of HAMLIN & HINE.

No. 121. A Farm of

278 acres, in Clark county, Ind., 7 miles from Jeffersonville, 120 acres in fine cultivation, balance fine rail timber, fine orchard of 10 acres, improvements good. For further information address HAMLIN & HINE.

No. 58. A House and Lot,

On Magazine street, near Twelfth; a one story Brick House, with 3 rooms; Lot 75x181 feet. Price $1,700. For terms apply to HAMLIN & HINE.

No. 126. A Farm of

56 acres, in Clark county, Ind., within 5 miles of Jeffersonville, 41 acres in cultivation, balance fine timber. Information fully given at 310 Jefferson street.

No. 128. A Small Farm of

36 acres, in Floyd county, Ind., 4½ miles from New Albany. 16 acres in cultivation, balance good timber. Price $50 per acre. Terms very easy.

☞ Persons wishing the Real Estate Bulletin, containing a complete list and full description of their Lands, or further particulars regarding the above places, can have the same by addressing

HAMLIN & HINE,
Real Estate and War Claim Agents,
fe11 d2 310 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ky.

DAVID HART. BENJ. HART.

HART & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CLOTHING,
Nos. 70 and 72 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK,

WOULD INFORM THEIR FRIENDS AND FORMER customers that they have taken the large and spacious WAREHOUSE Nos. 70 and 72 LEONARD STREET, and are prepared to offer inducements both in price and style, and, from their long experience in the Western and Southern trade, hope to deserve the patronage of those buying

Clothing

For that market. Merchants will find it to their interest to examine our stock before purchasing.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to filling of orders. fe14 d3m*

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY
—TO—
The Second National Bank,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, February 11, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PRESENTED to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE," in the city of Louisville in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3d, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now, therefore, I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Second National Bank of Louisville," in the city of Louisville, in the county of Jefferson, and State of Kentucky, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, witness my hand and seal of office, this second day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOCH,
fe14 d6t Comptroller of the Currency.

OIL, OIL, OIL.

I HAVE A TRACT OF MINERAL LAND, OF SOME three thousand acres, binding on Rockcastle river, from near its entrance into Cumberland in Rockcastle Spring, a distance of eight miles, all of which survey is rich in timber, coal and iron, with every indication of oil. I also hold a charter for the exclusive navigation of Rockcastle river, for twenty-

AMUSEMENTS.

Wood's Theater,

Corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.

DUFFIELD & FLYNN.....Managers
A. H. SMOOT.....Acting Manager
J. W. ALBAUGH.....Stage Manager
J. S. BERNARD.....Musical Director

☞ Last week of the engagement of the great actor, Mr. EDWIN ADAMS.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14TH, WILL be performed the
KING OF THE COMMONS.
King James.....Mr. Adams.

☞ To conclude with
MY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE.

☞ Grand Matinee Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents.

☞ PRICES OF ADMISSION—Private Boxes $5; Dress Circle and Parquette 75c; second Tier 25c. Seats in the Dress Circle may be secured without extra charge.

☞ Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 7½ o'clock.

Louisville Theater,

Corner of Fourth and Green streets.

CAREY & CALVERT.....Proprietors and Managers.
J. J. CAREY.....Treasurer
J. A. CARNADAS.....Stage Manager

☞ REDUCTION OF PRICES.—Private Boxes $5 and $5; Orchestra Seats $1; Dress Circle and Parquette 75 cents; Reserved seats in Dress Circle $1; Family Circle 50 cents. Colored Boxes $5; Gallery 25 cents.

☞ Last four nights of the renowned artistes, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE.

ON TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14TH, WILL be acted Brougham's great drama of
DOMBEY AND SON.
Capt. Edward Cuttle.....Mr. Florence
Susan Nipper.....Mrs. Florence.

☞ To conclude with the roaring farce of the
GOOD-FOR NOTHING.
Tom Dribbles.....Mr. Florence.
Nan (the good-for-nothing).....Mrs. Florence.

☞ Grand Matinee Saturday afternoon.

☞ Doors open at 6½ o'clock. Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock. Box Office open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Positively One Week Only!

Commencing Monday Evening, Feb. 15th.

LA RUE'S
GREAT WAR SHOW!

The Wonderful Stratopatechicon, or Walking Army.

(From the Tremont Theater, Boston.)

THE MOST THRILLING OF ALL MODERN MIRACLES, embracing an astounding combination of 90,000 Moving and Acting Figures and Models of Men, Horses, Animals, Ships &c., vividly re-enacting the principal battles, both by sea and land, of the great Southern Rebellion.

MR. D. C. LA RUE,

The Greatest of Living Humorists,

Will appear at each exhibition in his very amusing and laughable comic parlor entertainments, entitled

"LA RUE'S OLIO OF ODDITIES."

☞ Tickets 25 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents.
☞ Doors open at 7 o'clock, to commence at 7½.

☞ MATINEES Wednesday and Saturday afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Tickets to Matinee 25 cents; children 15 cents each. fe dll

LOUISVILLE VARIETIES,

Fifth street, bet. Jefferson and Market.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT,

With an Entire Change of Programme.

Mr. RYAN.....Proprietors.
C. LEROE and talented company of Ladies and Gentlemen in
NEW SONGS, DANCES, NEGRO DELINEATIONS, BURLESQUE OPERAS, GLEES AND CHORUSES.

Admission.....50 cents
Orchestra Chairs.....75 cents.
Private Boxes.....$5 00

Doors open at 6½ o'clock: Performance to commence quarter to 7. fe3 dlw

AUCTION SALES.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

TWO DAYS' CASH SALE.

ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14TH, AT 10 O'CLOCK—At Invoice Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery;
An invoice Gents' Gauntlets and Gloves;
Also, just received per express, super three ply and enamelled Carpet Bags and Gent's Plain Cashmere Pants.
ON WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock—
An excellent line of Gent's Fine Calf Boots, and Ladies', Boys' and Youths' Kip Boots.
Sale positive at close several consignments.
fe13 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

Two Days' Auction Sales,
BY T. ANDERSON & CO.

TUESDAY AND THURSDAY, Feb. 14TH & 16TH, 1865, AT

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c.

ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14TH, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M. we will offer, in 150 cases Boots and Shoes, consisting of Men's Calf, Kip and Grained Boots, Women's Balmorals and Boots, also a variety of Misses' and Children's Shoes.
ON THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold a large and general assortment of Dry Goods, Notions, &c. Also an invoice of Clothing, comprising Men's Cassimere & Doeskin Suits, black and fancy Cassimere Pants, Coats, Vests, &c.
Terms cash—cancelable goods.
fe13 T. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

20 TIERCES SUGAR-CURED HAMS. - KEGS SODA, TOBACCO, GLASSWARE, AND A LOT OF UNDERWEAR.

AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 14TH, AT 10 o'clock, will be sold at auction Rooms, 20 tierces Sugar cured Hams, 8 kegs Soda, Tobacco, Glassware, Catsups, Cigars, &c. Also, 1 lot Gent's Gloves, Hose, ½ Hose, Shirts, and Boots and Shoes.
Terms cash.
fe13 C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

DESIRABLE BROADWAY BUILDING LOTS AND TWO TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSES AND LOTS,

AT AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, FEBRUARY 15TH, at 3 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, on Broadway, commencing at the corner of Thirteenth street, four valuable Building Lots, 80 and 50 feet front by 210 feet deep. Also two two story Brick Dwelling Houses and Lot; Lot 50 feet front by 200 deep.
Terms cash.
fe11 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

NOTICE.

J. D. WRIGHT, Auctioneer,

IS PREPARED TO SELL REAL ESTATE, FURNITURE, MERCHANDISE, and all kinds of property at AUCTION. Can be found at the Furniture store No. 527 Market street, south side, between Fifth and Sixth, Louisville, Ky. fe7 dlm

EAGLE
Coffee, Spice and Mustard
MILLS
—AND—
Electric Yeast Depot,

COSNER SIXTH & GRAYSON STS.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

fe11

MADAM O'DAIR

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO the public that she has taken rooms over the Botanic Drug Store, on Jefferson street, between Brook and Floyd, where she may be consulted by all who may desire to know anything of Fortune Events. She will give the name, age and character of any person. She will also delineate character from Likenesses.
de8 dlm1*

C. G. TACHAU. LEWIS TACHAU

C. G. TACHAU & BROTHER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes and Smoking Articles,

605 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD, WE WILL at all times be prepared to exhibit to our friends and patrons a large and well assorted stock. Our goods have been selected with great care, and our endeavor shall always be to satisfy both city and country trade in prices as well as in quality.
ja17 d6mins C. G. TACHAU & BRO.

STEAMBOATS.

Regular Passenger Packet for Smithland, Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves Wednesday, 15th inst., at 4 P. M., positively, from city wharf.
The splendid passenger steamer
GEM, Richardson, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.
fe14 143 and 145 Fourth street.

Regular Passenger Packet for Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 12 M., positively, from city wharf.
The splendid steamer
BERMUDA, Joe Evans, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.
fe14

Regular Passenger Packet for Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 12 M., positively, from city wharf.
The splendid steamer
ROBERT BURNS, Ebert, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents.
fe14 143 and 145 Fourth street.

For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans.

Will leave as above from Cairo, on the arrival of the train on Wednesday, the 15th.
The splendid steamer
INDIANA, J. S. Neal, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.
fe14 No. 116 Wall street.

For Evansville and Henderson.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 5 P. M., positively, from city wharf.
The A No. 1 passenger steamer
MORNING STAR, Ballard, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.
ja14

FROM CAIRO.

For Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans.

The splendid steamer
LEVIATHAN, H. G. Carson, master.
Will leave as above from Cairo, on the arrival of the train on Wednesday, the 15th.
fe14 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves Wednesday, 15th inst., at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
The fine steamer
GEM, Richardson, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe14 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 12 M., from city wharf.
The splendid steamer
BERMUDA, Sweeney, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe14 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

For Paducah, Cairo and Memphis.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 10 A. M.,
The splendid passenger steamer
ROBERT BURNS, Terry, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe14 B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves This Day, 14th inst., at 10 A. M., positively, from city wharf.
The splendid steamer
BERMUDA, Evans, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe14 B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st.

For Clarksville and Nashville.

Leaves Wednesday, 15th inst., at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
The splendid steamer
GEM, Richardson, master.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
fe14 B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st.

PUBLIC SALES.

Public Sale of a Shelby County Farm

AS EXECUTOR OF JERRY SHACKELFORD, deceased, I will sell at public auction, at Shelbyville, Ky., on Monday, March 6th, 1865, a fine well watered farm, containing 193 acres, situated four miles northwest of Shelbyville. Immediate possession will be give the purchaser. The improvements are a comfortable dwelling house and all necessary out buildings.
TERMS.—One half cash; balance in 12 months, with interest. [fe8 d10] M. C. TAYLOR, Ex'r.

Commissioner's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE CLERK OF the Clark Court of Common Pleas, I will, on the

25th Day of February, 1865,

between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and two o'clock P. M., sell at public auction, at the Court-house door, in Charlestown, Ind., the following described real estate in Clark county, Ind., to wit:

126 ACRES in No. 260 of the Illinois Grant, beginning at a stone in the west corner of Taylor's three-acre lot in said No.; thence south 30 degrees 30 poles; thence south 20 degrees east 50 poles to stone; south 40 degrees east 116 poles to Silver Creek; thence down said creek south 62 degrees west 16 poles; thence south 24 degrees west 12 poles; thence south 3 degrees east 42 poles; thence south 9 degrees west 45 poles; thence north 65 degrees west 12 poles; thence north 22 degrees east 13 poles; thence north 80 degrees west 48 degrees west 16 poles; thence north 75 degrees west 20 poles; thence north 40 degrees west 45 40 poles; thence south 29 degrees west 60 poles; thence south 10 degrees east 27 poles; thence south 20 degrees west 50 poles; thence north 46 degrees west 20 poles; thence north 49 degrees east 151 poles to the beginning, containing 126 acres.

ALSO:

ABOUT 25 acres in No. 264 of the Illinois Grant, bounded on the south and east by Silver Creek, on the northwest by Taylor's line, and on the southwest by the original line dividing Nos. 260 and 264.

ALL OF THE LOTS NO. 79 in the town of Memphis, Ind., except the part owned by John F. Dietz.

120 ACRES in No. 262, Illinois Grant, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of said survey 262, thence south 45 degrees west 125 poles to two elms; thence south 42 degrees east 160 poles to a stone corner of A. Hill's land; thence with Hill's line 95 rods to a set ash in the line of Survey No. 252; thence 42 degrees west, with the line of 252, 160 poles to the beginning, containing 120 acres.

ALSO:

LOTS NO. 1 and 2 on the East of Survey of No. 37, Illinois Grant, on Silver Creek, 277 acres 3 rods and 20 poles.

ALSO:

LOT No. 5, on the 11th No. 2, intra-town of Memphis, Ind., in No. 251 Illinois Grant.

Terms of Sale.

One-third cash in hand; one-third in six months, and the balance in 12 months, with interest from date, and without relief from valuation or appraisement laws, with approved security.
W. H. GILLILAND,
Commissioner.
January 21, 1865.

The above land, mostly heavily timbered, lies in the neighborhood of Memphis, a flourishing town on the Jeffersonville and Indianapolis railroad, 12 miles from Jeffersonville. Adjoining the land, which is a part of the estate, I have about three hundred acres of splendid grass land in cultivation, which I offer at private sale. It is all under fence, and well watered. Persons wishing to raise stock would do well to call and examine this land before purchasing elsewhere.
There are four good large dwelling houses on the premises, and a good store-house, in which there is at present a fine stock of goods. It is one of the best points for speculating in the State.
For further particulars apply to or on the premises at Blue Lick, two miles northwest of Memphis.
fe10 d2w ABIGAIL DIETZ.

Public Sale
Of Farming Implements, Farm Stock and Produce.

ON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 21ST, 1865, WILL be sold, at the farm of the subscriber, nine miles from Louisville, on the Frankfort turnpike road, his stock of

Farming Implements,

Consisting of Wagons, Carts, Plows, Cultivators, &c. Also his stock of Mules, Horses, Colts, Cows, Calves, Oxen, &c. Also a lot of Corn in the shock, Fodder and Barley Straw. Terms cash.
fe7 d4t J. J. JACOB.

Auction Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, March 1st, 1865, AT 10 A. M., will be sold, to the highest bidder, on the premises, the following described property, to-wit: The Farm known as the "Old Frank Bee," on the Taylorsville pike, one mile from the city of Louisville. It will be sold in tracts of 137, 107, 85 and 25 acres (more or less), such parts as are not sold will be leased to the highest bidder. Part of the same may be seen at A. H. Funk's, opposite said lane. Terms of sale are one-third cash, balance in one and two years, with notes and approved security and lien retained for the balance of purchase money.
A. H. FUNK,
J. H. FUNK.
ja17 dtd Parent vs. of Peter Funk, dec'd

527 527

J. HEETER.....T. C. CHAUDOIN

HEETER & CHAUDOIN,

Wholesale Dealers

—IN—

HATS, CAPS & STRAW GOODS

No. 527 Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth,

SOUTH SIDE,

Louisville, Ky.

527 527

fe10 d1m

GOOD NEWS.

I HAVE JUST RECIVED FROM THE EAST A large assortment of black, fancy, and plain DRESS SILKS, which I will sell 25 per c't. less than any other house in the city; also a full line of WHITE GOODS, TABLE LINENS and TOWELLINGS, a large assortment of MOURNING DRESS GOODS, a large stock of SPRING MANTILLAS and CIRCULARS, and a stock of DOMESTIC GOODS. CALL ON at 25 cents per yard. Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Market street, between Second and Third, No. 217. SAMUEL RICHILD.
fe13 d2m

Corn Exchange Insurance Company, New York.

Capital paid in and invested.....$400,000 00
Surplus accumulated January 1st, 1864.....200,645 00

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST LOSS OR damage by fire and the perils of inland navigation, on liberal terms, and will pay losses with a prompt assessment.
ja14 d3m P. F. ATWOOD,
Agent in Louisville.

SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THE MISSES BARBEROUX'S School will commence on February 1st, 1865. A class of young children will be taken at $25 per session of twenty weeks. For further particulars inquire at the school-room, on the corner of Seventh and Walnut streets. ja31 dtf

TELEGRAPHIC.

Proceedings of the U. S. Congress.

Death of Senator Hicks of Md.

E. D. Morgan Sec'y of Treasury.

Reported Burning of Pascagoula.

Fight with Indians at Fort Laramie.

Removal of Torpedoes at Mobile.

Great Activity Among the Fleet.

Reported Evacuation of Mobile.

The Rebels Evacuating Charleston.

XXXVIII Congress—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13

SENATE.

Mr. Conness called up the bill to establish mail steamship service between the United States and China.

The bill provides that the Postmaster General shall have power to contract with any company who will agree, for the lowest price, to establish a line of steamships, to make 12 round trips between San Francisco and China per year, the contract to go into effect on the 1st of January, 1867. The bill passed—25 to 11.

The special order being the report of the Conference Committee on the Freedman's Bureau, the bill was taken up, the report was read, but no action taken.

Mr. Sherman's motion to take up the House joint resolutions, reducing the duty on imported paper, prevailed. The question was upon the amendment of the Senate Committee on Finance to strike out 3 and insert 15 per cent.

Mr. Sherman said the present duty on foreign paper was twenty per cent, the amount of tax paid by home manufacturers amounted to ten per cent. It was manifest that to reduce the foreign tax to three per cent. would be unjust to home manufacturers. It was said this three per cent. was equal to six per cent., because it was in the gold valuation. It was three per cent. on one hundred and sixty dollars per ton on internal tax, or this country had to be paid in currency valuation, which is about four hundred dollar per ton.

Mr Sherman stated that he was in favor of Congress making it ten per cent., which would create a lively competition between home and foreign manufacturers. The committee had overruled him, however, many of the members being opposed to making any change whatever. He held revenue charge ought to be made in the tax, because under the present rate not one pound of paper had been imported. Fifteen per cent. had been adopted as a compromise in the committee, but he thought it would be more just to put it down.

The Government he said was more interested than any individual in this matter. It consumed more paper than any individual, and therefore it was interested in this question. It had been proposed by some to allow the Government to import free of duty, but this would be regarded as invidious.

Mr. Collamer spoke in favor of maintaining the present rate of 20 per cent., as an act of justice and protection to home manufacturers.

Mr. Wade said he and his colleague, Mr. Sherman, had been instructed by the Ohio Legislature to vote for a reduction of duty, he questioned the right of that body to instruct him on such a subject, he believed the argument in favor of reduction of duty on paper would apply equally well to all other articles, he was opposed to opening home manufactures to foreign competition, believing if this was done the country would be deprived of the means for paying the national debt.

Mr. Hale was in favor of indefinite postponement of the resolution, so as to leave the duty where it is now, twenty per cent. He made this a motion.

Mr. Foster said that in the State of Ohio last year there had been $1,808,903 worth of paper made, and on this a tax of $74,200 had been paid. This was a great and growing interest, and ought to be protected; in whatever light the subject was viewed, it must be looked upon as inexpedient for us to reduce the duty.

Mr. Sherman hoped the subject would not be postponed, but that it would be met squarely by a frank vote. He was sure that if the State Legislatures had examined the tariff laws, they would not have voted as they did, in favor of the repeal of the duty on paper. If said paper had not increased in price more than other articles.

It had only followed the invariable standard of value which was gold. He had examined this subject carefully, and had found it would be unwise and unjust to reduce the duty to three per cent. The amount of paper manufactured was one hundred million dollars yearly in the United States. There would be imported about $30,000,000 worth in gold if the duty were reduced to three per cent, on which the government would about $1,250,000. This would be a loss to the government of the difference between ten million dollars in paper money and $1,250,000 in gold. The motion to postpone was decided in ayes 14 to 25 nays.

Mr. Lane, of Indiana, offered an amendment, to strike out fifteen and insert ten. He made some remarks. Rejected.

Yeas—Messrs. Brown, Bakelew, Davis, Grimes, Harlan, Henderson, Hendricks, Howard, Lane, Morgan, Nesmith, Pomeroy, Powell, Richardson, Salisbury, Sherman, Sumner and Trumbull—18.

Nays—Messrs. Clark, Collamer, Conness, Cowan, Dixon, Doolittle, Farwell, Foote, Foster, Harris, Johnson, Morrill, Ramsey, Riddle, Sprague, Tenyck, Van Winkle, Wilkinson, Willey, and Wilson—22.

The question was then recurred on the amendment of the Finance Committee to make the duty fifteen per cent.

This was agreed to by the following vote—30 to 13.

The question was then taken, and finally passed, the resolution as amended by striking out 3 and inserting 15 per cent., and it was decided in the affirmative. The Senate then went into extra session, and soon adjourned.

HOUSE.

On motion of Mr. Schenck, a joint resolution was adopted, appropriating twenty-five thousand dollars for a contract with W. H. Parrell to paint a picture illustrative of some naval victory, to be placed at the head of the grand staircase of the Capitol.

Mr. Ashley offered a preamble that whereas, in consequence of the rebellion and since the proclamation of emancipation, a large number of prisoners of color have been brought from the States of Maryland, Virginia and other States, and left in and around the National Capital, and whereas, it is reported that many of them have died from want of food, and whereas, it is reported that from ten to twenty thousand are in want, and whereas, it is reported that hundreds are in the service of the rebel United States and fighting in defence of the Government, therefore

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs inquire into the truth of said reports, and that the said committee report what action, if any, is necessary in the premises with leave to report by bill or otherwise.

The proposition was agreed to.

Mr. Dawson offered a resolution declaring that the war has been progressing for four years, with a frightful destruction of life, and the imposition of an enormous public debt, and that members of Congress are bound by their oaths and solemn pledges to conduct the war for the re establishment of the just supremacy of the laws; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to use all honorable and just means to bring about a lasting peace, and the re-establishment of fraternal relations with all people on the simple basis of the constitution and laws, and with every proper guarantee to the Southern States which shall protect them in the enjoyment of their rights and local institutions, in the manner the constitution secures.

Mr. Thayer moved that the resolution be laid on the table, which motion was agreed to by a vote of 73 to 42.

Mr. Williams offered a series of resolutions declaring that there is no power under the constitution which warrants us to treat with the Southern States either for a severance of the Union or the alteration of any article of the fundamental law, that inasmuch as the Confederate States have taken up arms against the government of the United States without just provocation, and for the avowed purpose of asserting and maintaining their independence, and still persist by armed resistance to the authority of the United States, and as our public authorities have declared it was their duty to decline it, accept of any terms short of absolute submission to its laws, and whereas with a magnanimity almost unsurpassed an amnesty was promised to all except the chief conspirators, it is hereby declared that the government has already exhausted the resources of a just and wise statesmanship, except so far as regards an earnest and vigorous prosecution of the war, to effect a restoration of peace, and to that end has done all that a proper regard to our interests allow, and which a decent respect for the opinions of the world could demand, and therefore no further overtures, public or private, official or unofficial, looking to a treaty or compromise with the conspirators at Richmond would be inconsistent with our rights and dignity, and expose us to misconstructions as to our ability to compel the rebels to obedience.

On motion of Mr. Eldridge the resolutions were laid on the table; yeas 71, nays 52.

The House went into Committee on the amendatory revenue bills.

Mr. Wilson moved to amend to lay a tax on maple sugar and maple molasses. He referred to the fact that the yield of the latter was 30,000,000 gallons annually.

Mr. Morrill said the remarks of the gentleman were intended to be sweet on him, but he would remind him that New York produced more sorghum than Vermont.

The proposition was debated, among others by Mr. Stranss, who said if the gentleman would go through the work of extracting sap of maple and boiling it all day, he would think he had been taxed enough.

Mr. Wilson's amendment was disagreed to.

Much time was consumed in considering amendments to exempt bibles and testaments, or volumes containing only parts of either, and prayer books, from any duty or tax. These were agreed to.

The section also exempts from duty or tax all kinds of school books used in common and primary schools, and books printed exclusively for the use of Sunday schools, provided it shall not apply to books valued at more than two dollars per volumes.

At 4:30 P. M. the committee rose and the House adjourned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13

The Commercial's Washington special says officers from the fleet off Mobile report great activity in the removal of torpedoes and other obstructions in the harbor.

It was confidentially reported that the rebels would evacuate the city.

The fleet is working its way up the harbor.

The Post's Washington special says Richmond papers of Saturday admit that it is probable that the rebels are evacuating Charleston.

An express Washington special says the President sought to withdraw Mr. Morgan's nomination after sending it, but was told it could only be done by a special message.

Mr. Seward will certainly remain in the Cabinet till the 4th of March, notwithstanding the double representation from New York.

OMAHA, Feb 12.

The telegraph is again working to Denver City.

The Indians in small bands are at different points all along the road, from Fort Kearney westward. The main body has gone up the North Platte.

Colonel Collins with his command has had a series of engagements with the Indians between Julesburg and Fort Laramie, which lasted six days. The Indians are estimated at 2,000, while our soldiers number about 200—not sufficient to follow and chastise the savages.

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CAIRO, Feb. 13.

The steamer Missouri, from New Orleans on the 5th instant, arrived here with a large cargo of sugar and molasses for St. Louis.

The report of the burning of Pascagoula is contradicted, but the place has been evacuated by our troops. Several gunboats remain off the coast, however.

Cotton is in fair demand, with limited supplies, prices being in favor of sellers. Middling 70c., low middling 66c to 68c. Nearly a thousand bales cotton arrived here since Saturday, mostly for St. Louis.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.

Further information in reference to the Bordeaux steamer and her lines has been obtained by the rebels, is looked for with interest. The Danish Minister, Raslaff, denies the report that the vessel was sold to the rebels by the Danish Government. This information has been obtained from an authentic source.

The President, this afternoon, sent to the Senate the nomination of Senator Morgan, of New York, to be Secretary of the Treasury, but in the course of an hour thereafter withdrew it.

ST. LOUIS, February 13.

The State Convention today unanimously passed a resolution indorsing the action of the President in the late peace conference, and pledging the loyal people of Missouri to sustain the Government to the last extremity in prosecuting the war until peace shall be established or conquered upon the basis of the instructions contained in the President's note to Secretary Seward.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13

The Post's Washington special says: In his letter to the Committee of Ways and Means Mr. Fessenden does not ask for power to issue more currency. It is probable he will rely upon the 7.30 notes for the next fiscal year.

Ex-Governor Thos. H. Hicks, United States Senator from Maryland, died to-day at seven o'clock A. M.

NEW YORK, Feb 13

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors to-day a resolution was offered stating that whereas, the authorities contemplate the removal of the State capital, the county government requests the State government to accept the new county Court-house for the purposes of State Capitol. The resolution was unanimously carried, and immediately signed by the Mayor.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb 13.

The Traders' Bank of this city was entered by burglars some time between Sunday night and Monday morning, and a large amount of Government bonds, some fifty thousand dollars' worth, belonging to different parties, and six thousand dollars in gold belonging to the bank, were stolen. It is stated that no bills of the bank were taken.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.

The resolution ordering the Constitutional Amendment having passed the Senate 26 to 24, it passed the House to-night 57 to 39.

One hundred guns have been fired at the State House on the occasion.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.

The Bulletin has a special dispatch from Washington, which says Comptroller McCulloch, it is currently reported is appointed Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb 13.

The President to-day sent nated to Senate the Hon E. D. Morgan to be Secretary of the Treasury.

POSTSCRIPT.

[SPECIAL TO WESTERN PRESS.]

3 A. M., February 14.

War to be Ended in Three Months.

Sherman Camps at Branchville.

War Meetings in Richmond, Va.

Great Despondency of the Rebels.

News Through Southern Sources.

The Latest News from Savannah.

Latest from the Army of Potomac.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.

The Herald has the situation of affairs in and around Mobile to January 8th. The city was then surrounded by a strong chain of earthworks, besides there was defended in the harbor approaches by a water battery and sunken obstructions, torpedoes and three gunboats in and around the city. There were about 9,000 troops, of whom 2,000 militia, which under the command of Gen. D. H. Maury.

The Tribune's Washington special says the bill to prohibit the Government paying for transportation on railroads that have grants of lands, will be adversely reported on by the Military Committee.

The Times' Washington special says it is generally understood that the country is indebted mainly to Greeley for the late peace demonstration. It was at his instance and solicitation that Blair went to Richmond and got up the machinery which made the conference necessary.

Grant told members of Congress recently that if the country would give him 100,000 fresh troops he could close the war in three months.

It is supposed that the draft will bring at least 200,000 men.

The Times' Washington special says the latest Richmond papers received here show that on Friday last Gen. Sherman encamped at Branchville, or within four miles of that place. It is understood that the papers of Saturday made a definite announcement of its capture, and that Grant stated it as his positive belief also that it confirms the statement of the evacuation of Charleston as a military necessity.

The Herald's Winchester letter mentions movements of scouting party through the Valley near Snicker's Gap captured three prisoners, one of them belonged to Hood's army, and said Lee had adopted filling up regiments in Virginia from soldiers received from the military prisons at the North, without regard to their own regiments. Our authorities are issuing rations to rebel families in the Valley, and pursuing the conciliatory generally.

The Herald's Hatcher's Run special of the 9th says: Yesterday our lines were undisturbed, and the work of fortifying is going on rapidly. Good quarters, in fact, are springing up, and men after all are satisfied with the ultimate advantages gained, though the advantage the last few days has been attended with many hardships and severe trials of endurance for men, the finale is eminently satisfactory.

The territory of Hatcher's Run, which for months has been a region of controversy, now forms a part of our lines, the pioneer and fatigue parties rapidly clearing away the dense woods from the scene. Five miles have been added to our lines, and Richmond is so much nearer its downfall.

The Herald's 8th corps correspondent of the 10th says. Our troops have been withdrawn to this side of Hatcher's run, the earthworks constructed on the other side having been destroyed. This shortens our line, but makes our position much more defensible. There will be no other changes otherwise than continuing strengthening of our position.

The Richmond Dispatch of the 10th says the railroad connection with Augusta is severed. It is an error to suppose however because any point on the South Carolina railroad is in the hands of the enemy we can no longer draw supplies from Georgia. It would be unwise to explain the manner at this time.

At the Richmond bar meeting on Thursday all the speeches of the most serious character, informing the people that the Confederacy is in danger, but could be saved.

Preamble and resolutions were offered and adopted with much applause.

The preamble calls the war one of conquest by the United States, and of defence by the rebels; denounces Lincoln's proposition for peace as debasing and cruel.

The following are the resolutions:

Resolved, That the events which have occurred during the progress of the war have confirmed our original determination to strike for independence, and that, with the blessing of God, we will never lay down our arms till it shall have been won.

Resolved, That as we believe our resources to be sufficient for our purpose, we do not doubt but we shall conduct the war successfully, and hereby invoke the people in the holiest of all causes to spare neither blood nor treasure in its defense and support.

The third resolution thanks the soldiers for their gallantry and patriotism.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.

The Tribune's Savannah correspondent says the sick and wounded soldiers now in Savannah are suffering want of proper food while ship loads of provisions are being freely distributed to citizens. Nothing but army rations are furnished our hospitals.

The Tribune's Army of the Potomac special of the 10th and 11th says since the attack on the 5th of February by our left all has been quiet along the line. The left of the line now holds the ground gained, resting on Hatcher's Run. It is a mere thread-like creek, running through a strip of swamps. The 5th corps, which up to this time of attack lay in the rear of the 6th, and of the center. The line now formed with the second on its right, the 24 division of the 2d corps of the rebel army with one division of the 3d, that met the attack, and for a time sturdily resisted our advance about Dabney's mills. By this success we have gained about three miles of ground.

Our line now stretches from James River on the right to Hatcher's Run, and the left is formed of four corps in this order: On the right the Ninth, then the Sixth, next the Second, and lastly the Fifth. The extent of the position is about twenty three miles. As wee as can be ascertained the rebel line is divided in this way: On the right, in front of the Fifth corps, is the Second, under Gen. Gordon, consisting of the Second division; then the Third corps, under Gen. Hill, consisting of the Third division; next the Fourth corps, under Gen. Underwood, and lastly the First corps, on the left, consisting of the Third division, and under Gen. Longstreet.

By this it will be seen their line is formed of four corps, as is ours; but they are weak. The first is the strongest and doesn't number 15,000 men. The rebels see with alarm our approaches toward the road and fight as hard as their weak lines will allow to check our advance, but in spite of all they can do the road will be ours in the course of time.

The enemy show a disposition to try to regain the lost ground, and are likely confined in their efforts to hold their rear line of works, which are very strong. It is the object of Grant to feel their lines cautiously and continually, and see that they do not detach any force to send to South Carolina.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.

The Committee to select the site for a navy yard and naval depot in the western waters have reported in favor of Carondelet and Mound City.

Senator Wilson to-day introduced a bill to incorporate a Freedmen's Savings and Trust Company, to include among others, Wm. C. Bryant, A. P. Cooper, Gerritt Smith, H. Barney, A. A. Lawrence and J. W. Smith.

The final bill which recently passed the House proposes a government loan of six million dollars, to be paid in tolls.

NEW YORK, February 13.

The discussion of the paper duty in Congress to-day caused some uneasiness among the paper dealers, and increased their desire to make contracts.

(Reported for the Louisville Democrat.)

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 13, 1865.

SENATE.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Crutcher, of the Christian Church. The reading of Saturday's journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Prall presented a petition.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Botts—from the Finance Committee—A bill for the benefit of E. B. Treadway. Passed.

Same—A bill appropriating money to the Eastern and Western Lunatic Asylums. Withdrawn.

Mr. Sampson—from the Judiciary Committee—A bill changing the time of holding the Circuit Courts of the Twelfth Judicial district. Passed.

Mr. McHenry—from the same committee—A bill to incorporate the Erie and Cumberland Oil and Manufacturing Company. Passed.

Same—A bill to incorporate the Petroleum, Gas and Oil Refining Company. Passed.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the Nolan Mining and Manufacturing Company Passed.

Mr. Botts—Select Committee—A bill for the benefit of the Maysville, Flemingsburg and Mount Sterling Turnpike Company Passed.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Grainger—A bill to incorporate the Tradewater, Petroleum, Iron, Mining and Manufacturing Company

Same—A bill to incorporate the Minnehaha Insurance Company.

Mr Prall—A bill for the benefit of Edward Peyton.

Mr. Grover—A bill for the benefit of the Owenton and Rossville Turnpike Road Company.

RESOLUTIONS, &C., TAKEN UP.

Resolved, That when the two Houses adjourn on Monday, the 20th instant, that they adjourn *sine die*—yeas 22, nays 9

A Senate bill in relation to a bounty fund in Bracken and other counties. Amended in the House. Concurred in.

An act to raise a county fund in Fleming county. Passed.

A substitute to an act to amend various acts of incorporation, passed at this session of the General Assembly, to which amendments were proposed by Messrs. Botts and Landram, and the first was adopted and the second rejected.

The power reserved to the Legislature by the general law, to amend, alter and repeal, is retained, and all banking privileges are repealed by this act.

The substitute, as amended, was then adopted.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Prayer as usual. The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Luck, Ross, Browne and Spurr.

An act to incorporate a Christian church in Covington. Passed.

An act to incorporate the Paris, Irvine and East Tennessee Railroad Company. Passed.

An act in relation to the election district in Franklin county. Passed.

An act in relation to turnpike companies in Bourbon county. Passed.

Mr. Alf. Allen had leave to bring in a couple of local bills.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Mr. J. R. Thomas—Corporated Institutions—To incorporate the Star Petroleum, etc. Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Miami Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Otter Creek Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Somersett Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Cave Spring Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Monticello Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the East Kentucky Oil, Coal, etc., Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Fulton County Seminary. Passed.

Mr. Hawthorne—same committee—To incorporate the Cumberland River Oil, Coal, etc., Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Kentucky Mining Scientific and Geological Association. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the Henry Clay Petroleum Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate Duncan Oil Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate Western Kentucky Oil Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate Essex Oil Company. Passed.

Same—To incorporate Licking River Oil Company. Passed.

Same—To inc

Daily Bulletin

IRISH NEWS.

AN ANSWER TO "ERIN'S LAMENT".

Cease weeping, dear Erin, look upward again;
There's a bright ray dawning away o'er the main;
A day-light is breaking, whose brightness shall yet
Make thy heart bound with joy and its dark night forget;
Soon thy sadness, thy pains, all thy sorrows shall cease,
And thy chains melt away in the sunlight of peace.

Oh, delight not the foes of the children for thee,
The exiled, the wrong'd ones from over the sea,
Whose hearts widely beat when they think of thy shame,
Who have vowed to restore thee thy once honored name;
To make thee again a bright haven of rest—
To perish or crown thee yet Queen of the West!

Cease weeping; what! is thy faith growing cold,
That faith that has cheered thee so often of old,
To watch thee unmoved in the storm-cast hour—
A faith in a just and All Seeing Power,
That, in some come by hoped blessings on thee,
And made thee a nation "great, glorious and free?"

The Lord from on high, who re-in glory He raises,
Has heard the sad story and number'd thy chains;
And He that is mighty, to punish or to save,
Shall weigh through the hearts of the haughty slave;
He will give thy sons courage to pay back the debt
That the traitor and dastard would make them forget;
For He loves the pure-hearted, high-minded and brave,
And hates the self-seeking contemptible slave.

Smile again, then, dear Erin; yes, smile and forget;
For the sunlight of freedom shall beam o'er thee yet;
And never, oh never, dear Erin, again
Shall oppression fling o'er thee a fetter or chain,
And when in the last days shall come—days of mirth and fun—
When the nations shall mourn, and the Lord will be dead,
Then in vain of wrath will He pour out His vials on thee,
For soft y then I rest in the immortal sea.

MARY.

DOLLY'S TACTICS.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

"I tell you, sir, you *shall!*"

"And I tell you, sir, I am firmly resolved to do nothing of the kind."

Squire Rayner's countenance was purple and swollen with its suppressed wrath, and his large gold eye-glass quivered portentously on the bridge of his Roman nose, as he strode up and down the room, with his hands in his pockets. While Kenton Rayner, his only son and heir, stood quite still, with one arm resting on the marble mantel, and a single scarlet spot glowing on his temples. He was very handsome, with liquid brown eyes, dark, heavy hair, breaking into tendrils of chestnut gloss, and a rich olive skin, where the warm color came and went with emotion that stirred the depths of his heart; a son of whose manly beauty any father might have been proud.

Kenton, do you defy me?"

"Not willingly, sir, I believe me."

"I think you've taken leave of your senses," groaned the old gentleman, stopping short in his angry trot up and down the apartment. "There's a rich girl—and a pretty girl, too, or public report is very much in the wrong—only waiting for you to hold up your finger. Why in *I'd* had such a chance when I was a young man, I should have esteemed my fortune made—made, sir. I don't know what the present generation is coming to—I don't, indeed. There's no such thing as gallantry or chivalry left. Here's this charming Dorothea Milner actually coming to your house, sir—your very house—by order of her uncle, who esteems the match as good as made. Why, sir, it has been the favorite project of our whole lives, sir; and the idea of its being completely frustrated just because you are too much of a ninny to know your own mind is too preposterous to be entertained for a single second, sir!"

The young man bit his lip.

"Listen to me for a moment, father. I am infinitely obliged to Miss Milner for her condescension in taking the active department of courtship into her own hands, but it will be impossible for me to avail myself of her amiability."

"Impossible, sir! And I should like to know——"

"Because my heart has already——"

"Heart!" roared the Squire, stopping short and then beginning to walk with a perfect frenzy of passion. "Heart! Pshaw! Sentimental chit-chat!"

"Stop, Mr. Rayner," said a sweet, very firm voice, as a tragic heroine, pushing back the door which had been standing ajar, appeared with her hand on the door knob, and a pair of yet attentive listener to the conversation, glided up to him, and confronted him with white cheeks and fearless blue eyes. "You need no longer consider me as an interference to your plans. I cannot forget the kindness that your son has shown me, but I tell you, now and irrevocably, I will never become his wife, save at your own request and entreaty."

"That's a good girl, Carrie—a very good girl!" ejaculated the relieved Squire, patting the cold cheek. "I always knew that you had plenty of common sense; and now run off to your drawings and worsted work. Well, sir," he added, as the door closed behind Carrie Vail's delicate figure, "what do you think *now*, eh?"

Kenton Rayner started from a sort of apathetic despair, and turned his eyes of hopeless anguish full on his father's face.

"I think, sir," he said, in choking accents, "that you have left me no choice. I care little what awaits me now. I will marry Miss Milner, or any other girl whom you choose to propose, and poor Carrie's heart may break at your pleasure."

"Pshaw! pshaw!" spattered the Squire, "there's no sort of danger of heart-breaks in any quarter. Carrie's a nice little puss—my cousin's orphan, and I'll find her a good husband when this business is off my hands, just see if I don't. It'll all be right."

Kenton Rayner made no answer—he did not even look up.

"And you'll remember to be at the depot at twelve to-morrow, to meet pretty Dolly, my boy? We must show her every attention, you know."

"I will remember, sir."

"And, Kenton, I've no objection to your ordering those gray horses you liked so much at Saltonstall's. Go round and secure them this evening."

"Thank you, sir, I don't care for them."

"Not care for them! Why, you raved about 'em yesterday."

"Did I? Perhaps; but then yesterday and to-day are very different things. I do not want them, sir."

And Kenton left the apartment with the slow, dreary step of one who walks in a dream.

The noon train was just in. There was the usual noise and tumult—the usual crowd and confusion; and through all the thronging mass Kenton Rayner's tall head towered pre-eminent, on the *qui vive* for Miss Dorothea Milner and her hand-boxes.

Suddenly a soft little hand stole into his, and two brilliant hazel eyes beamed across his vision, beneath long, curly lashes.

"Mr. Rayner, I am sure!"

"Yes—and you?"

"Oh, I'm Dolly! There are the checks; now put me into a carriage as quickly as possible, before every yard of flouncing is torn off my dress. That's a darling!"

Kenton obeyed; and when he was sitting opposite her in the carriage, he could not but own, mentally, that she was a pretty little thing. Rosy and round, with dimples in either cheek, and short, auburn curls. "Dolly" was the very name that suited her. While he was realizing this fact in his mind, she leaned over, and put the soft little hand on his again.

"Kenton—may'n't I call you so?"

"Certainly, Miss Milner," he returned, rather stiffly.

"Well, then, Kenton, I want to tell you a great secret: I like you!"

"Thank you!" returned Kenton, rather amused.

"I think you're a splendid fellow," she went on, putting the tips of her pink fingers together, and raising her eyebrows. "You're so tall, and you have such handsome eyes! And then I think you're the sort of a man a girl can trust. Oh, I *like* you immensely; but, Kenton——"

"Well?"

"I don't *love* you—nor ever shall."

Kenton Rayner colored scarlet, quite at a loss as to what answer would be proper to make. Fortunately, however, Miss Dolly saved him the trouble of making any.

"Of course you're wondering what I came here for then? Own up now—weren't you?"

"Well, I must confess," laughed the young man, "the question *did* cross my brain."

"Very naturally," said Dolly, adjusting her cherry-colored neck tie. "Well, you see my uncle is such an obstinate, pig-headed old darling that I thought it would save a great deal of unnecessary altercation to come down and state the case to you, plainly! You see, Kenton, I don't want to marry you, because I'm already engaged to Frank Noble! Now isn't there some pretty girl you would prefer to me?"

"I must admit that there is," returned Kenton, with perfect gravity.

"Shake hands," said Dolly, presenting the small brown kid glove that held her pretty right palm. "Now we understand each other perfectly. We're quite willing to do anything and everything that is expected of us—of course!"

"I do not quite understand——"

"To be sure you don't," said Dolly, patting his shoulder, "but I'll make you understand!" Which she did by the time the carriage had reached its place of destination!

Squire Rayner stood on the broad flight of marble steps that led up from the carriage drive, about three o'clock that afternoon, ready to receive his daughter-in-law that was to be, with every possible consideration—a model of still old-school politeness. But in spite of the lofty courtesy that governed his every motion, he could not refrain from starting back in a species of nervous horror as Miss Milner sprang out the carriage and came up the stairs two steps at a time.

She had parted the short curls on one side, and crowned them with a tiny velvet jockey, while her shawl had been exchanged for the fashionable garment so closely resembling a gentleman's dress coat, with flat gilt buttons and swallow-tailed skirts. Squire Rayner could scarcely have been more horrified if she had appeared before him in veritable trowsers, while her dress, unrelieved by crinoline, trailed on the pavement behind, and her step partook decidedly of the masculine.

"My goodness," was her inaugural exclamation, "aint this a jolly old place! And you're my papa in law, eh?"

She stood on tiptoe to give him a resounding kiss.

"You are very welcome, Miss Dorothea," said the Squire with stately grace. "Will you walk in and take a glass of claret and a slice of cake before dinner?"

"Oh, bother your cake and claret!" said the young lady, putting both hands in the pockets of her cloaxious coat. "Just order a glass of porter and a dish of beefsteak and onions—that's *my* style. Nice looking old hall—got a billiard table?"

"We—that is, neither my son nor myself approve of——"

"O, nonsense!" ejaculated Miss Dolly. "I always play billiards every afternoon. I can't abide people who have these old-fashioned prejudices sticking to them like fungoses. What do you call those things on the wall?"

"They are very old paintings—perhaps you would like to examine them?"

Miss Dolly shook her curls, and gave the jockey a knowing tilt on the side of her head.

"Nah!—I don't fancy such dead-alive looking objects. *I'm* going to have 'em all taken down and hang up some lovely horses I've got; racers, you know, and that sort of thing."

"*I'm* are going to have them taken down?"

"Yes, *I!* Now don't look cross, father-in-law! I've always had my own way and always mean to!"

Squire Rayner stared aghast at Kenton. Kenton only smiled.

"Shall I ring for the housekeeper to show you to your room, my dear?" began the old gentleman. "Perhaps you might like to make some alteration in your dress."

"No, I thank you," said Dolly. "I'm very comfortable. My dress is all right, and if it isn't I've splashed with mud, who cares? I've got fair warning beforehand that I'm not to have your nimmy-piminy damsels cast off to her whole time in tying ribbons and fastening collars."

She ran across a clear mellow whistle as she ran across the hall to look out of a bay window.

The Squire started back,

"Why, father-in-law, what's the matter?"

"I—was that you, my dear Dorothea, whistling?"

"Yes, don't you like it?"

"To speak candidly, my dear, I do not."

"That's unfortunate," said Dolly, "because you see you'll have to get used to it; Ken don't object to it; do you, ducky?"

"Not at all, my love," returned the obedient lover.

Squire Rayner winced a little.

"We have an excellent piano and some fine portfolios of engravings in the parlor, my dear," he commenced.

"Oh, hang the piano!" exclaimed Dolly, elevating her nose in the air. "I'd a great deal rather go and walk round the stables. I hope they are nice, because my horses will be here in a day or two!"

"Stables!" gasped Squire Rayner. "By no means!"

"Just as you please, daddy-in-law. I had precisely as soon go after dinner! Here, little girl, show us the way to my room. I may as well unpack those splendid new curbits while I'm about it!"

She vanished, whistling a clear shrill *roulade* that piereed through Squire Rayner's brain like a red-hot wire.

"Kenton!" he ejaculated, grasping his son's arm, and speaking in a husky whisper, "is that a woman or a man in disguise?"

"A woman, sir, I should judge," returned his son, "and a very pretty one, too—a little eccentric, perhaps, but——"

"Eccentric! eccentric!" roared the Squire, growing mottled in the face; "it's my opinion she's mad, sir! mad as a March hare! What does Simeon Milner mean by sending her here? He had a great deal better pack her off to an asylum somewhere! Take down my pictures, indeed! have a billiard room, forsooth! Not until after *I'm* dead and buried!"

"I think, sir," observed Kenton, judiciously, "that her society will be an excellent thing for Carrie, who has seen so little of the world!"

"Her society! For Carrie! Don't let Carrie go near her for the world! I wouldn't have my little white lily-blossom go whistling about the house in a swallow-tailed coat for any money! What, sir! have you the presumption to laugh while I am speaking?"

"I beg your pardon, father, I am sure," said Kenton. "It was only the idea of Carrie Vail in a swallow-tailed coat! I won't laugh again, I assure you!"

"You had better not," snarled the irascible Squire. "Porter and onions! a promenade round the stables! Why, Kenton, your dear deceased mother never knew where the stables were, and I don't suppose she ever tasted an onion in her life! Carrie Vail never talks about the stables! What's the world coming to, I'd like to ask?"

"Carrie is very well," said Kenton, indifferently, "but she is very far from accomplished, as compared with my Dorothea!"

"Hold your tongue, sir," roared the Squire. "Carrie is an angel—and you're a blockhead! *Your* Dorothea; who said she was going to be *your* Dorothea?"

"Why you, yourself, sir!"

"No such thing! nothing of the kind! I only spoke of the thing as a remote possibility. Just think of being tied for life to a woman who whistles and wears swallow-tailed coats! And besides——"

The Squire dilated his nostrils, and ran to and fro, snuffing the air, like a hound in full scent.

"I knew I couldn't be mistaken—I was certain I couldn't," he exclaimed. "It's a cigar!"

"My dear father, you must be mistaken," said Kenton, turning his face towards the bay window, to conceal a latent tendency to risibility.

"Mistaken! *I* mistaken! Just come here and look out on yonder balcony! As I live it's that—that Female with the outrageous cap, smoking a cigar!"

"But, sir, you are perhaps unaware that smoking is by no means a rare accomplishment among the young ladies of the nineteenth century!"

Squire Rayner had grown very purple and was breathing hard and fast.

"No daughter-in-law of mine shall go about the house with a—a cigar in her mouth, smelling of porter and onions! I'll pack her off to-night! She shan't stay a single hour longer under this roof!"

"You forget the solemn obligations which I sustain towards her, sir!"

"Fiddlestick! We'll tell her you're engaged already! Carrie! Carrie Vail! where are you, my little pet?"

"Did you call me, sir?" said Carrie's soft voice, as the golden head glimmered in at the door.

"Come here, puse! Will you take this vagabond son of mine for better or for worse?"

"Not against your wishes, sir."

"But it isn't against my wishes, Carrie; it's the dearest desire of my heart. My dear, you'll make the old man very happy if you'll forget his idle words, and consent to be his dear little daughter-in-law!"

There were tears in the keen gray eyes as he spoke. Carrie looked shyly at Kenton.

"My darling!" he murmured softly, and she came to his side with bright happy blushes mantling over her cheeks, like roses over snow.

"It's all right—all right!" chuckled the Squire, rubbing his hands rapturously. "And now I'll go and send the—Female—home!"

"Me go home!" ejaculated Dolly, putting herself into a defiant attitude. "And what is to become of the nice husband Uncle Simeon promised me? He'll think I've been naughty, and he'll sco-o-old me! oh, dear, dear, dear!"

She relapsed into incoherent sobs.

"No, my dear, he will not," said Squire Rayner, hypocritically. "I'll write him a note, stating that the only objection—ahem—is, that my son happens already to be engaged. And I dare say you'll find some worthy young man——"

"Perhaps I shall," said Dolly, brightening up.

And she went away in high glee, that self-same evening, whistling the Soldier's Chorus, even above the rattling of the carriage wheels.

Squire Rayner drew a long sigh of relief, as the vehicle disappeared behind the curving avenue of evergreens.

"I should have committed suicide in ten days if that outrageous creature had been my daughter-in-law," he said, fervently. "Come here, Carrie, and give me a kiss. Now I wish you and Kenton would settle upon as early a day as possible! I shan't look upon him as fairly safe from the swallow-tailed coat until he's married!"

Great was Simeon Milner's wrath when his pretty niece came back to him without a wedding ring upon her finger.

"Humph!" he ejaculated, thrusting a pinch of Scotch snuff up his nostrils. "Not good enough for old Tom Rayner's boy, eh?" Going to marry somebody else, is he? I'll teach him that other folks can get married too. You may have the first tolerably decent fellow that comes along, Dolly. I won't have Tom Rayner's boy getting ahead of *my* nicpe."

"Wouldn't Frank Noble do, Uncle?" demanded Dolly, with her pretty head on one side, and one rose-tinged finger in her mouth.

And upon Carrie Vail's wedding-day, Kenton Rayner received the tiny enameled cards of "Mr. and Mrs. Frank Noble!"

"So this female is married!" said Squire Rayner. "Well, I'm glad of it! Perhaps her husband is partial to whistling—*I'm* not!"

A Sad History.

We yesterday met a young and interesting girl at the house of an acquaintance who told us a tale of wrong and suffering that would furnish materials for a good-sized novel.

One year ago this young lady left her home in Pennsylvania—a home where all the luxuries of life were at her command. Her parents were indulgent, and she, an only child, was loved by them with all the fondness of true affection. No wish of hers remained ungratified, for she was the idol of those parents; and the light of the home made desolate by an act which will forever cast its shadow on her heart.

In February, 1861, she became acquainted with a Mormon preacher, who painted to her in glowing terms the glories of Utah and the Mormon religion. He told her of the beautiful valleys of Utah, fortified on all sides by giant mountains, whose peaks, burnished by eternal snows, looked down upon the valleys of perpetual green, peopled by God's own chosen kindred, who were as the mountain torrents that leap the rocks of the lofty Timpanagos range. He told her of the content and peace reigning among the Saints, and assured her that the Mormons were God's own peculiar people, and so worked upon her imagination that she finally consented to leave friends, family and all the endearments of home, and go with him to the Valley of the Saints.

Arriving at Chicago he forced her to marry him, the ceremony being performed by a mock priest, without record or license. On last April she left Wyoming, Nebraska, with a Mormon train, for the land of promise, and finally arrived in the city of the Saints. Here she found that her husband had four other wives, who regarded her with no tender emotion, but heaped abuse and contumely upon her head.

After a few months her liege lord told her he had concluded to seal her to another, who had taken a great fancy to her; that his other wives were jealous, and declared his last wife should live with him no longer.

She declared she would die before she would thus be put away and forced to live as the wife of a man with whom she had no acquaintance and had seen but once in her life. Her husband told her it was Brigham's order, and she must do so or lose her life. Determined not to be thus sacrificed, she started to run away with the intention of making her way to Camp Breckinridge, in Cedar Valley, then garrisoned by United States troops, and claim protection there. She started on foot, and, after traveling about ten miles, was caught and brought back, placed in a dungeon, or rather a cellar, and was thus kept for a month, with just enough food to sustain life. The man whom she refused to live with frequently visited her and besought her to change her resolution in order to save her life.

Through force of circumstances she at last yielded, and was duly installed in his family as the sixth wife. Here she found, as before, the jealousies and quarrels arising were intolerable, and she again determined to escape or die in the attempt. This time she succeeded in reaching the headquarters of Gen. Conner, to whom she told her tale of suffering. The General treated her with kindness, gave her money, and sent her through to the States with a Government train, bound for Forth Kearney, which place she reached early last week.

She leaves this city to night, a repentant, sorrowful child, for her home in Pennsylvania—that home which she was persuaded to desert through the misrepresentation and wiles of a crafty scoundrel. What joy and gladness will well up from the hearts of those parents when they again behold the one they believed lost to them forever. We drop the vail. Reader, this is not an isolated case, but an everyday occurrence in this busy, sinful world.

[St. Joseph Herald.

☞On Tuesday evening Dr. Spencer was called to set an arm for Jeremiah Sullivan, which was broken by a fall on the ice. The audience last night was the largest that has ever been assembled to witness a similar performance in Erie, and the performance the best.—[Erie Dispatch.

We print the above just as we find it in the Dispatch. They must have comical tastes for amusements in Erie.

☞In Newark, N. J., a number of wealthy citizens, including the Mayor, have determined to purchase a large coal tract in Pennsylvania, to supply the inhabitants of Newark with coal at cost.

INSURANCE.

Insurance Agency.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE OPENED A GENERAL Insurance Agency in this city. We have been duly appointed Agents for the Putnam Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., and the Maryland Fire Insurance Company, of Baltimore, Maryland, Companies ably managed and of undoubted reliability, as will be seen by the statements of their assets below.

We are prepared to insure Warehouses, Merchandize Dwellings, Furniture, Mills and Manufactories, Pork Houses, Hulls of Steamboats, Inland Fire Risks, and almost every description of property in the city of Louisville and vicinity.

JAS. B. SLAUGHTER & CO.,

Office, No. 3 Hamilton Buildings, corner of Main and Sixth streets.

STATEMENT

—OF THE—

Maryland Fire Insurance COMPANY,

OF BALTIMORE,

On the 16th Day of January, 1865.

Cash Capital, all Paid up, - - $200,000

ASSETS.

Cash on hand and on call	$21,101 86
U. S. 5 20 Coupon Bonds	54,375 00
Bank Stocks, Bonds and other securities	175,302 50
Real Estate	28,000 00
Open Accounts	388 70
	$279,168 06

LIABILITIES.

Losses due and unadjusted (of recent date)	$5,000 00
Due and uncalled for	800 00
	$5,800 00

See certificate of State Auditor and copy on file at County Court Clerk's office in this city.

JAS. B. SLAUGHTER & CO., Agents, Office, No. 3 Hamilton Buildings, corner of Sixth and Main streets.

STATEMENT

—OF THE—

PUTNAM INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

On the 1st day of January, 1865.

Cash Capital, all Paid up, - - $500 000

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$13,321 28
Bank Stocks and State Bonds	31,600 00
Loans on Bank Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages and other securities	118,977 38
Real Estate	14,083 95
	$507,982 61
LIABILITIES	82,000 00

See certificate of Auditor of State and copy on file at County Court Clerk's office in this city.

JAS. B. SLAUGHTER & CO., Agents, Office, No. 3 Hamilton Buildings, corner of Sixth and Main streets. fe9 d6

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMERCIAL Fire Insurance Company,

On the 31st Day of December, 1864,

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE STATE OF Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 1d, 1856.

NAME AND LOCATION

The name of the Company is "The Commercial Fire Insurance Company," and is located in the City and State of New York.

Amount of Capital, all paid, is $200,000.

Its Assets Amount to $299,097 88.

Its Liabilities Amount to $3,662 50.

All of which will be found more particularly set forth in the Original filed with the Auditor and Duplicate with the Clerk of the County Court, of Jefferson county

WM. PRATHER & CO., Agents,

fe6 d12 LOUISVILLE, KY.

STATEMENT

OF THE

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Of Newark, N. J.,

To the Auditor of Ky., January 1, 1865.

ASSETS AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand	$ 241,111 13
United States Securities	1,3 3,2 0 00
State, City and County Bonds	1,189,442 82
Bonds and Mortgages	1,201 047 53
Loans on Policies	2 103 163 28
Loans on Scrip	3 7 2 00
Real Estate	79,280 46
Premiums due from Agents	188 268 71
Do do do	17,5 8 61
Interest due	104 5 1 49
Total	$6 529 389 09

LIABILITIES.

Losses awaiting maturity	$203,800 00
Dividends declared not due	731,460 22

For further particulars see original statements on file with the Auditor of the State, at Frankfort, Ky., and with the Clerk of Jefferson County Court, in this city.

E. H. VERNON, Agent.

fe10 d12

KENTUCKY MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LOUISVILLE, January 16th, 1865.

THIS COMPANY INSURES AGAINST loss or damage by fire, and against perils of navigation on the seas, bays, rivers, lakes, canals, and overland by railroads, on the mutual plan, on easy rates ratcably divided semi-annually among the business contributors. Office northwest corner of Main and Fourth streets, Louisville, Ky.

DIRECTORS.

E. A. GARDNER, A. BRANDEIS, WM. C. HELL, JAMES M. DUNCAN, W. H. WALKER, JOHN M. DAVIS, P. B. ATWOOD, Pres't.

M. A. HUSTON, Sec'y. ja16 d3m

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JEWELERS,

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Bet. Main and Market,

ARE IN RECEIPT OF FINE GOODS FOR THE Holidays. Give us a call. no20 dlf

MEDICAL.

Galen's Head Dispensary.

ESTABLISHED IN 1852, AND *Chartered by the Legislature of Kentucky for the treatment of* VENEREAL DISEASES, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, *And all Affections of the Urinary and Generative Organs of both sexes.*

Just published, A PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE

ON VENEREAL DISEASES, INCLUDING GONORrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, Stricture, Gravel, Stone, Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Urinary Deposits, and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, Prostrate Gland, and Seminal Vesicles, and their treatment, including a chapter on FEMALE DISEASES, with observations on marriage and the prevention of conception. Containing a Treatise on Self Abuse, spermatorrhœa, Sexual and Nervous Debility, Barrenness and Impotence, in both sexes; the effects of these diseases on the body and mind, and the Author's NEW TREATMENT of all these cases in full, the only successful method of cure, with an exposition of Quackery. This work is not a quack advertisement, but a Warning and a Guide for married and single. It is the only book that gives the treatment of all the above diseases, in plain English, with full directions for self-treatment, and contains much valuable information not proper to mention. In a sealed envelope. The work contains 204 pages, and 100 plates and engravings of the above diseases. Sent, to any address in a sealed wrapper, on receipt of one dollar. These induced with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this work.

TO PATIENTS.—We devote our entire time to the treatment of all the above diseases by the most improved methods, as practiced in the best French, English and American Hospitals. Our Dispensary is the only institution of the kind in America which has been established by a special charter, and this fact should give it a preference over the various quacks of doubtful character to be found in all large cities.

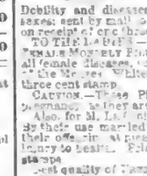
PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE.—By sending a brief statement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank Chart, containing a list of questions, our terms for the course of treatment, &c. Medicines sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity. All consultations private and confidential.

OFFICE—214 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

To insure safety to all letters, direct to GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY, Louisville, Ky.

no20

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY,



THOSE AFFLICTED WITH any disease of a PRIVATE NATURE, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Primary or secondary Syphilis, Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, or any disease of the Genital or Urinary Organs, or person suffering in mind or body from the effects of Self-Pollution, before imparting the secret to any one, should first read our New Treatise on Sexual Debility and diseases of the Genital Organs of both sexes; sent by mail in any address in a sealed envelope on receipt of one three cent stamp.

TO THE LADIES.—We are agents for Mad. Caprais's FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS, a safe and effectual remedy for all female diseases, such as irregularities, obstruction of the menses, whites, &c. Price by mail, $1 and one three cent stamp.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken during pregnancy, as they are sure to produce miscarriage.

Also, for M. Lafollonix's FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS, by which one married ladies may limit the number of their offspring, or prevent at will the fearful danger of labor to health. Price by mail $2 and one three cent stamp.

Best quality of Havana White Sarss, at 50 cents each, or $5 per dozen; sent by mail on receipt of price.

Persons wishing to consult me personally on any of the above diseases, or to procure Pills or Powder, will find me at our office, northeast corner of Main and Market streets. Office open from 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 5 P. M.; Sundays from 8 to 10 A. M. The publication of this notice entirely private. Secrecy in all such matters. Address, DR. GATES & CO.

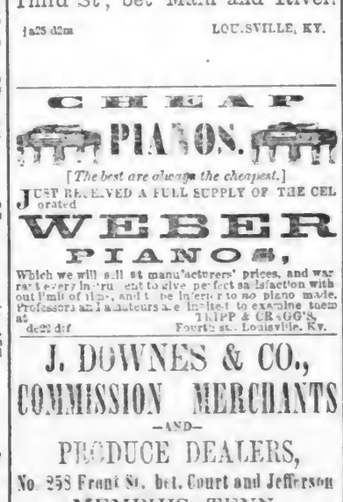
AN INDIAN'S REMEDY.

CLEANSING AND TONIC BITTERS.

DR. A. SHERMAN, No. 9 CHERRY STREET, NORTH side, a few doors above Brook, is the proprietor and manufacturer of the "CLEANSING BITTERS," an Indian remedy that, for the cure of all affections of the Kidneys and Liver, Dropsy, Secondary Symptoms, Scrofulous Humors, and as a general purifier of the blood, is unsurpassed. This Bitters has effected many permanent cures in the most obstinate and long-standing cases that had baffled medical treatment. In every case it proved a complete success. Those afflicted would do well not to give this superior remedy a trial. Dr. Sherman can show the recommendations and certificates of well known citizens who have been relieved and cured by its use.

Call and see him or write. There is no mistake about it. It is a sure, safe remedy in diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood. my30 dlf

OIL WELL TOOLS AND MACHINERY



I AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANTLY on hand, Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Boring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Oil and Salt.

JULIUS BARBAROUX, Hydraulic Foundery and Machine Shop, ja21 d6 Louisville, Ky.

OHIO RIVER SALT CO.

JOHN B. SMITH, Sole Agent.

I HAVE ON HAND AND AM CONSTANTLY RECEIVING some of the best brands of

SALT,

In superior cooperage, which I offer to city and country dealers at the lowest market price.

Third St, bet Main and River.

ja26 d2m LOUISVILLE, KY.

CHEAP PIANOS.

[*The best are always the cheapest.*]

JUST RECEIVED A FULL SUPPLY OF THE CELEbrated

WEBER PIANOS,

Which we will sell at manufacturers' prices, and warrant every instrument to give perfect satisfaction with out limit of time, and to be inferior to no piano made. Professors and amateurs are invited to examine them at TRIPP & CRAGG'S, de22 d2f Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

J. DOWNES & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—AND—

PRODUCE DEALERS,

No. 258 Front St., bet. Court and Jefferson

MEMPHIS, TENN.

REFERENCES:
Northrop & Co., Memphis,
J. F. Kirtland, Banker, Memphis,
Muldoon & Sharp, St. Louis,
Wm. Blake & Bro., do.
Grubb & Beard, Louisville. no30 d3m

J. H. MONTGOMERY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 316 Jefferson st., bet. Third and Fourth,

HAS ON HAND A BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF Goods suitable for the season, which will be sold cheap for cash. Give him a call before you make your purchases.

Also, Clothing cleaned, dyed and colors restored, on chimical principles. His is the oldest and best establishment in the city for the above named work.

Remember, J. H. MONTGOMERY. ja2 d1f

A CARD.

MRS. DR. HEIS,

Clairvoyant and Fortune-Teller.

MRS. H. IS ACTUATED BY THE DESIRE OF DOING good and giving comfort and consultation to sorrowing humanity. In all love affairs she gives the best counsel that can be had. Her scheme of winning the finest feelings of humanity never fails. No. 308 First street, between Market and Jefferson. Office hours from 8 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M. ja24 dlm

Claims for Impressed Horses Collected.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY to the collection of Claims for Impressed Horses, at the office of Wolfe & Hays, on Center, between Green and Jefferson streets. L. GWYNNE.

Louisville, Ky., Dec. 19th, 1864. de17 d6f

Glass Ware.

350 BOXES ½ AND ¼ PINT TUMBLERS; 25 boxes Bar Tumblers; suitable for country trade, received on consignment and for sale in lots at low prices by JACOB P. WELLER, ja26 dlm Wholesale Grocer, No. 316 Main st.

ESTABLISHED IN 1817.

THOS. E. WILSON. ARTHUR PETER. W. H. DILLINGHAM.

WILSON & PETER,

(SUCCESSORS TO WILSON, STARBIRD & SMITH.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

AND IMPORTERS OF

FOREIGN DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

AND DEALERS IN

Paints, Oils, Window-Glass, Glassware, Tobacco, Snuffs, Perfumery, &c.

416 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

no8 d&w

W. H. STOKES & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN

COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE.

(OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.)

No. 509 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth

LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURERS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE OUR stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person. fe8 d1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOLEN'S MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

PURE, FRESH, and TASTELESS.

THE SUREST REMEDY FOR COUGHS & COLDS, CONSUMPTION, Debility, Rheumatism, General Emaciation, and all Scrofulous Diseases.

THIS MOST POPULAR BRAND OF OIL, GENERally prescribed by the physicians of Philadelphia, may be had in this city from Messrs. R. A. ROBINSON & CO., and other Druggists. CHARLES W. NOLEN, fe8 dlm 121 S. Front street Philadelphia.

R. C. HILL'S

CELEBRATED

GOLD PEN MANUFACTORY,

833 THIRD STREET. 407 MAIN STREET.

THE LARGEST, HEAVIEST AND BEST PEN FOR the money in the market. For further particulars send for circular price list. Pens repaired every day. Watch and Pen price list free.

GOLD PENS REPOINTED FOR 50 CENTS and stamp.

Watches and Jewelry.

The best at 333 Third street.

Watches

Repaired in the best style on short notice by experienced workmen and warranted. Terms reasonable. oct5 dlf

AT COST FOR CASH.

WISHING TO REDUCE OUR STOCK OF FINE French and English

Cloths, Cassimeres & Vestings

We will sell at greatly reduced prices for the next thirty days. Also on hand a few custom-made OVERCOATS which we offer at cost. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere and save a bargain.

MASON & HAWKINS, Merchant Tailors, Fourth street, de22 dlf Opposite Masonic Temple.

Wholesale Grocery Store.

HAVING SOLD OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES TO Mr. WM. TERRY, we most cordially recommend him to our friends and patrons, and ask for him that patronage so liberally bestowed on us, for which we return our most grateful thanks. One of us, or our Mr. Hewitt will be found at all times at Mr. Terry's to attend to settling up our business. O'BRIEN & MIMMS.

January 18, 1865.

HAVING PURCHASED FROM MESSRS. O'BRIEN & MIMMS their stock of Groceries, I will carry on the GROCERY AND COMMISION business in all its various branches, at their old stand, 800 Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, where I hope to have the patronage of my old friends and purchasers in the market.

WM. TERRY.

January 18, 1865. ja20 d&wtf

A. H. & W. O. GARDNER,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

418 Main Street, bet. Fourth and Fifth, One door above the Citizens' Bank,

ja31 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

KANAWHA SALT COMPANY.

HENRY DENT

Sole Agent,

Third Street, bet. Main and the River.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

a20 dlm

C. C. RUFER & CO.,

FIFTH ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET.

SOLE AGENTS FOR JOHN W. HARPER'S DAYTON ALE & PORTER; SMITH'S WHEELING, LILL'S CHICAGO ALE. Wholesale dealers in all kinds of fine

WINES AND LIQUORS, AND CIGARS, FANCY GROCERIES, ETC.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT,

FIFTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND MARKET,

fe8 dlf C. C. RUFER & CO., Proprietors

E. RICHTER,

GOLD AND SILVER PLATING ESTABLISHMENT,

313 Third street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

SPOONS, FORKS, CASTORS, WAITERS, BASKETS, TEA SETS, &c., REPAIRED in the best manner and at the lowest prices.

Also Gold Plating done on Watches, Chains, Candelabras, &c.

All work is made equal to new in every respect, and warranted of the heaviest plate.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY CAREFULLY REPAIRED by experienced workmen.

I have also on hand one of the best and largest assortments in the city of SILVER AND PLATED WARE, GOLD JEWELRY, etc. Most of these goods having been finished in my establishment, I am prepared to sell them at least 25 per cent cheaper, with the assurance of giving to my customers the best of metal, with the latest pattern of goods.

ja28 d1m E. RICHTER.

INTELLIGENCE & U. S. CLAIM AGENT.

Office near corner Third and Main street, south side Main,